



Examination Answer Books

12 Pages

Instructions to Candidates

1. Please give the information requested in the boxes below.
2. Enter your name in the space provided to the right, fold over and seal down (using the label provided) to hide your name.
3. The answers must be legibly written. The Examiners can either ignore illegible script or have it typed and the expense of typing charged to the candidate.
4. Write your answers in ink.
5. Begin each answer on a fresh page. Do all rough work in the answer book and cross it through.
6. No part of this book is to be torn out; it must be handed in complete.
7. If more books than one are used, fasten them together using the tags available from the invigilator(s).
8. Every book must be handed in. In no circumstances may answer books, used or unused, be taken out of the examination venue.

Complete, fold and seal
(see note 2 below)

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1	Student Number	SZW23868203
2	Title of Examination Paper	MATHEMATICS TEST 2
3	Module Code	GOEN4001
4	Date and Time of Examination	15/5/23 09:38
5	Examination Venue	TYCOCH
6	Seat Number	C5
7	Number of Answer Books handed in	1

List the numbers of the questions you have attempted	Office Use
1	
2	
3	
Q1 a	18
b	5
c	0
Q2 a	9
b	8
c	8
Q3 a	12
b	0
c	0
Total	60/100

60%
60%
ML

I, A, $z_1 = 2 + 4j$ $z_2 = 5 + 3j$ $z_3 = 3 + 2j$

Q1a

I, $z_1 + z_2$
 $(2 + 4j) + (5 + 3j)$
 $= 7 + 7j$

18/18

II, $3z_1 + 2z_3$
 $3(2 + 4j) + 2(3 + 2j)$
 $6 + 12j + 6 + 4j$
 $= 12 + 16j$

III, $z_1 z_2$
 $(2 + 4j)(5 + 3j)$
 $10 + 6j + 20j + 12j^2$
 $10 + 26j + 12(-1)$
 $10 - 12 + 26j$
 $= -2 + 26j$

IV, $z_1 + z_3^2$
 $(2 + 4j) + (3 + 2j)(3 + 2j)$
 $2 + 4j + 9 + 6j + 6j + 4j^2$
 $11 + 16j + 4(-1)$
 $11 - 4 + 16j$
 $= 7 + 16j$

V, $z_1 z_2 z_3$
 $(2 + 4j)(5 + 3j)(3 + 2j)$
 $10 + 6j + 20j + 12j^2 (3 + 2j)$
 $10 + 26j + 12(-1) (3 + 2j)$
 $10 - 12 + 26j (3 + 2j)$
 $(-2 + 26j)(3 + 2j)$
 $-6 - 4j + 78j + 52j^2$
 $-6 + 74j + 52(-1)$
 $-6 - 52 + 74j$
 $= -58 + 74j$

$$V_s, \frac{Z_1}{Z_2}$$

$$\frac{2+4j}{5+3j} = \frac{5-3j}{5-3j}$$

$$\frac{10 - 6j + 20j - 12j^2}{25 - 15j + 15j - 9j^2}$$

$$\frac{10 + 14j - 12(-1)}{25 - 9(-1)}$$

$$\frac{10 + 12 + 14j}{25 + 9}$$

$$\frac{22 + 14j}{34}$$

$$= \frac{22}{34} + \frac{14j}{34}$$

$$B, (4+5j)^3 \text{ DE MOIURE}$$

$$r = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = \sqrt{4^2 + 5^2} = 6.4$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{4}\right) = 51^\circ$$

$$r^n (\cos n\theta + j \sin n\theta)$$

$$6.4^3 (\cos 3(51) + j \sin 3(51))$$

$$262.14 (1.88 + 2.33j)$$

$$= 492.82 + 610.79j$$

$$C, x^2 - 8x + 26 = 0$$

Q1b

5/7

Q1c

0/9

2,

A,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2a

9/16

I, ~~Find~~ $|A| = A - B + C$

$$3(0 - 10) - 2(4 - 6) + 3(5 - 0)$$

$$-30 - 10$$

$$-2$$

$$5$$

$$-30 + 4 + 15$$

$$= -11$$

4

II, NOT POSSIBLE

III, $|D| = AD - BC$

$$\frac{(4 \times 5)}{20} - \frac{(1 \times 5)}{5}$$

$$20 - 5$$

$$= 15$$

IV, AB $A = 3 \times 3$ $B = 3 \times 3$ $AB = 3 \times 3$

~~Ans 8 & 9~~ $AB = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \times 1 & 2 \times 2 & 2 \times 3 \\ 1 \times 3 & 0 \times 0 & 2 \times 5 \\ 1 \times 3 & 1 \times 5 & 4 \times 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & 10 \\ 3 & 5 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$

$$AB = -10 - 5$$

$$-2 + 4 \quad 5 + 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -15 & 2 & 7 \\ -11 & 4 & 8 \\ 14 & 2 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-7 - 4$$

$$-3 + 4 \quad 9 - 1$$

$$4 + 10$$

$$3 - 1 \quad -2 - 6$$

V, AC $A = 3 \times 3$ $C = 3 \times 2$ $AC = 3 \times 2$

$$AC = -10$$

VI, NOT POSSIBLE ✓

VII, $A+B = 3+1 \quad 2+2 \quad 3+2$

$1+3 \quad 0+0 \quad 2+5$

$3+1 \quad 5+1 \quad 4+3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 6 \\ 4 & 0 & 7 \\ 4 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

3, CRAMERS

$3x + 2y + 4z = -5$

$2x + 3y + 3z = 2$

$5x + 2y + 5z = 3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2b

8/8

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad |D| = 3(15-6) - 2(10-15) + 4(4-15)$$

$$= 3(9) - 2(-5) + 4(-11)$$

$$= 27 + 10 - 44$$

$$= -7$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad |x| = -5(15-6) - 2(10-9) + 4(4-9)$$

$$= -45 - 2 - 20 = -67$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -5 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad |y| = 3(10-9) + 5(10-15) + 4(6-10)$$

$$= 3 - 25 - 16 = -38$$

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -5 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad |z| = 3(9-4) - 2(6-10) - 5(4-15)$$

$$= 15 + 8 + 55 = 78$$

$$x = \frac{|x|}{|D|} = \frac{-67}{-7} = 9.57$$

$$z = \frac{|z|}{|D|} = \frac{78}{-7} = -11.14$$

$$y = \frac{|y|}{|D|} = \frac{-38}{-7} = 5.43$$

C, INVERSE

Q2C

8/10

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

*

MINORS = $m_{11} \ m_{12} \ m_{13}$
 $m_{21} \ m_{22} \ m_{23}$
 $m_{31} \ m_{32} \ m_{33}$

$m_{11} = 3 - 12 = -9$ ✓ $m_{23} = 8 - 6 = 2$ ✓
 $m_{12} = 12 - 6 = 6$ ✓ $m_{31} = 9 - 0 = 9$ ✓
 $m_{13} = 16 - 2 = 14$ ✓ $m_{32} = 6 - 0 = 6$ ✓
 $m_{21} = 9 - 0 = 9$ ✓ $m_{33} = 2 - 12 = -10$ ✓
 $m_{22} = 6 - 0 = 6$ ✓

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & 6 & 14 \\ 9 & 6 & 2 \\ 9 & 6 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -6 & 14 \\ -9 & 6 & -2 \\ 9 & -6 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

6

* $|A| = 2(3 - 12) - 3(12 - 6) + 0(16 - 2)$
 $= -18 + 6 + 14 = 2$



$\text{adj} A = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -6 & 14 \\ -9 & 6 & -2 \\ 9 & -6 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$

~~$\text{det} = 2(6 - 10) + 9(60 - 14)$~~

$A^{-1} = ?$

3,

A,

$$I, \int (2x^4 + x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{3x^3}{3} + \frac{5x^2}{2} + C$$

4

Q3a

12/18

$$II, \int (\sin 3x + \cos 5x) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + C$$

2

$$III, \int (1+3t) t^2 dt$$

$$= \left(\frac{3t^2}{2}\right) \left(\frac{t^3}{3}\right) + C$$

8

$$IV, \int (2e^{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} + \ln 2) dx$$

$$= 2e^x + \ln x + \left(\frac{2}{x}\right) + C$$

2

$$V, \int_0^2 (5x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x - 6) dx$$

$$\left[\frac{5x^4}{4} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{5x^2}{2} - 6x \right]_0^2$$

$$\left(\frac{5(2)^4}{4} + \frac{2(2)^3}{3} + \frac{5(2)^2}{2} - 6(2) \right) - \left(\frac{5(0)^4}{4} + \frac{2(0)^3}{3} + \frac{5(0)^2}{2} - 6(0) \right)$$

-2024

error carried forward

$$VI, \int_1^3 (5e^{\frac{2x}{3}} + 2x^2) dx$$

$$\left[5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{2x}{3}} \right) + \frac{2x^3}{3} \right]_1^3$$

$$\left(5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{2(3)}{3}} \right) + \frac{2(3)^3}{3} \right) - \left(5 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{2(1)}{3}} \right) + \frac{2(1)^3}{3} \right)$$

= ?

Q3c

0

$$C, \int \underbrace{5x}_{(u)} \underbrace{\sin x}_{(v)} dx \text{ BY PARTS} = \int u \frac{dv}{dx} dx = uv - \int v \frac{du}{dx} dx$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{5x^2}{2} \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = -\frac{1}{1} \cos x$$

$$= 5x(-\cos x) = 5x \sin x \left(\sin x \left(\frac{5x^2}{2} \right) \right)$$

x

Q36

0