

The Chinese community

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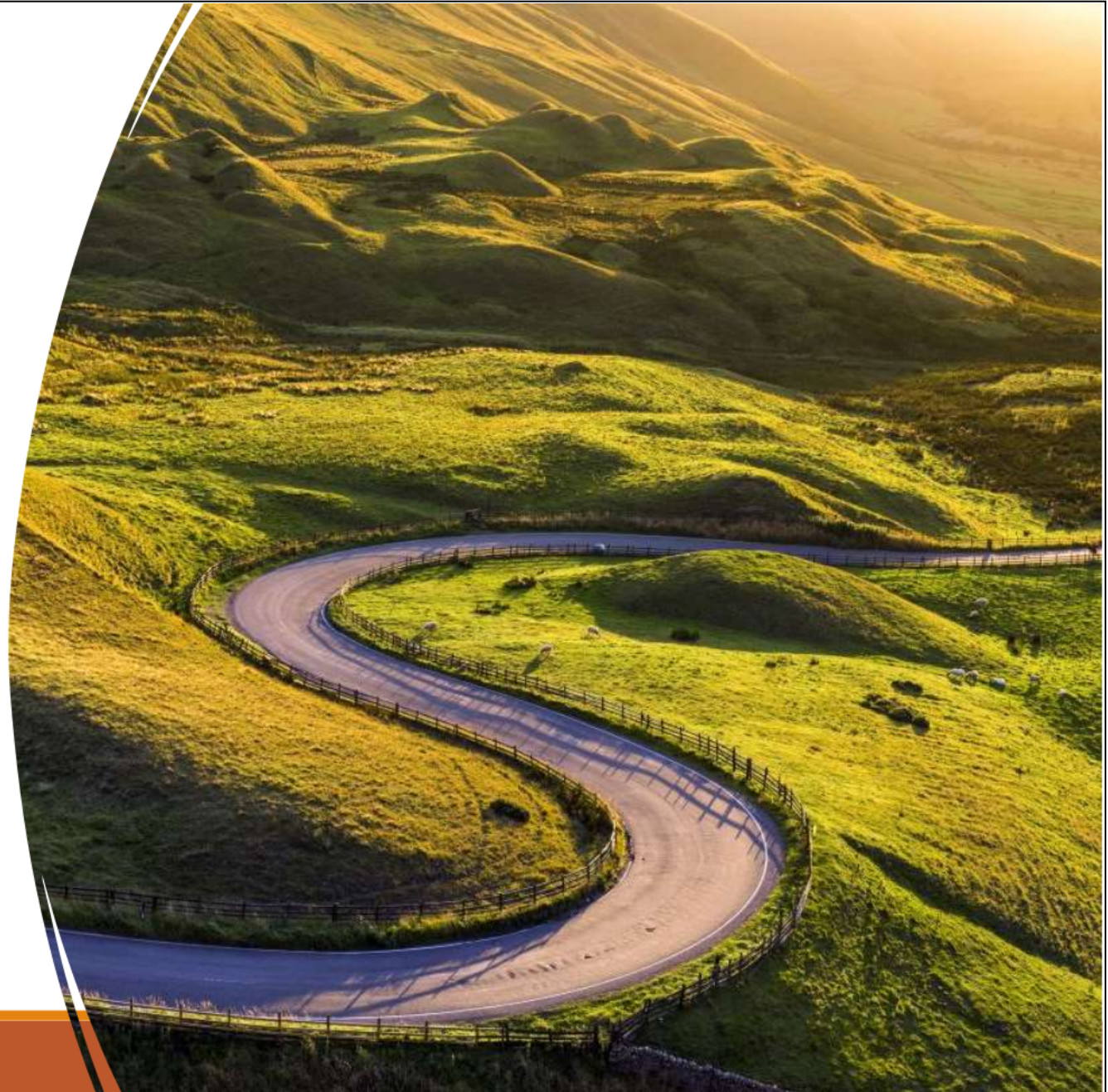
Introduction

Due to a variety of other issues and challenges that the Chinese community faces, I have chosen to talk about it to increase my knowledge as well.

Communities are flexible social structures having a wide range of ethnic, racial, socioeconomic, and cultural makeup. At any given time, a person may be a member of many communities, each of which has a unique set of identifying traits. There are a lot of motivators that promote engagement within these groups when considering these binding qualities.



- The Chinese community is made up of a range of people who come to the UK from different areas, at different periods, for different reasons, with diverse origins, and with varied educational levels. As attested by SACU (2018) A rising proportion will have been born here, although they may have come from the Chinese mainland, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore, Viet Nam, Malaysia, or even the West Indies.





- This is a statistical overview of the Chinese population in England and Wales, also referred to as "Chinese people". GOV.UK (2020) explains 3.4% of all Chinese people resided in Manchester, which had the greatest Chinese population. Birmingham came in second (3.2%), followed by Barnet, Tower Hamlets, and Southwark (all at 2.1%). There were approximately 124 thousand Chinese nationals residing in the United Kingdom in 2021 Clark (2023).

- The good news is that Chinese food is still incredibly popular, frequently ranking among the most popular foods in the world according to studies. Ibbetson (2021) one in four Brits (25%) picked Chinese food as their preferred takeaway, Chinese cuisine is widely available and urban. However, Lam et al., (No date) explain Although there were about 30 Chinese-owned companies in the neighborhood by 1914, including restaurants and launderettes The Aliens Act of 1905 resulted in both public animosity and government prejudice against them.



With a 55.2% increase from 2011 to 2021, those who identified as "Asian, Asian British, Asian Welsh: Chinese" had the greatest proportion of females. Office of National Statistics (2021). However, Ehsan (2023) suggests In England and Wales, there were about 445,000 persons of Chinese descent, or 0.7% of the population, according to the 2021 Census. compared to other significant ethnic minorities.



Sun et al., (2022) Describe the age range of 30¹⁸ to 94 years, with the ultimate age range including those who are 95 years and older. Participants who followed various degrees of a low-risk lifestyle had their¹⁸ cumulative survival from age 30 onwards evaluated

Due to the covid 19 outbreak, people in the UK experience racism and feel that they are being discriminated against. Campbell (2020) reports people seem to have framed it as a complete race, which is revealing²⁹ all the hidden biases against Chinese people or at the very least, anyone who has a Chinese appearance.





⁶ Chinese people had the lowest rate of imprisonment under the Mental Health Act of all ethnic groups, with just 46 detentions per 100,000 persons, notwithstanding communal problems brought on by the pandemic. GOV.UK (2020).

³ Chinese adults were the least likely to use mental health and learning disability services out of all ethnic groups where the data was reliable. Just over 1,500 adults per 100,000 of the Chinese population did so. (England, 2014 to 2015) GOV.UK (2020).

Profound Tips (2020) explain 1.2 billion native speakers globally and over a billion in China alone, Mandarin Chinese alone has the highest native language usage. The Chinese place a lot of emphasis on indirect communication as a result of the requirement to keep good ties. They use body language, facial expression, and tone of voice more to convey meaning than they use words Scroope and Evason, (2017).

Three processes—bonding, bridging, and linking—are involved in the formation of social capital. Xue and Cheng (2017) explain Social capital and health have a strong and favorable relationship that has been proven in both industrialized and developing nations. Researchers have focused on the causal link between social capital and health in recent years.



When companies think about social media, they see connecting with their local audience. Kiely (2023) suggests An excellent method for companies to gain a deeper knowledge of local opinions and beliefs is through tracking and watching interactions on Chinese social media platforms such as WeChat.

The ICIA (2021) suggests At least 68% of this aid to China in 2019⁴ went to UK research and government organizations that collaborate with or in China. Grants from the Newton Fund for UK-China Research Partnerships (£33 million in 2019) go almost completely to the UK partner organizations (universities and research institutes)²⁶. In order to meet the health and social care requirements of the Chinese-speaking population in the Southwest of England, the Chinese Community Wellbeing Society was established to support Chinese citizens.

Due to language limitations, the Group fills in the gaps left by other agencies where many disadvantaged populations, including the elderly, the disabled, and low-income families, are concerned. CCWS (No date)

By drawing attention to these gaps in service, the population creates a crucial networking connection with the local statutory and nonprofit organizations in the Bristol region, allowing this underserved population to utilize their services. CCWS (No date)

Chinese immigrants who are awaiting visas are protected under the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR), which is unable to deny any Chinese people seeking visas, particularly those with serious health difficulties. GOV.UK (2022) explains ¹⁰ medical aid ensures all citizens have fair access to basic medical services by supporting the section of the low-income for people who cannot afford it.

Community education is what we refer to when we talk about organized learning that takes place throughout a lifetime via voluntary engagement in group initiatives to thoughtfully address both individual and communal needs. Empowerment emphasizes equal and valued partnerships, working closely and collaboratively, self-help, wellness, transforming and liberating oneself, organization, and community toward competence, and identifying and developing strengths (Perkins, 2010). The Chinese community cooperates closely and is a very strong group.



When it comes to cuisine and business management, the Chinese community works extremely closely together and has great success. The most recent ideas, research, and information on this economic giant are presented in Rowley (2020), who conducted some study and discusses management and business in China.

Recommendations

Immigration

1 restrictions on access to health care for those with insecure status (e.g. 'failed' asylum seekers)

Education

People should be able to use and expand their current abilities as well as learn new ones, like computer skills or the building trades.

Chinese organizations

1 There is a need for statutory support for Chinese organizations to help them provide services for new migrants, for example, language classes, interpretation, and advocacy, especially with health services and information and advice.

Social

Chinese people should socialize with more ethnic minorities and share ideas.

⁸
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