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Latin 2

2.4.3

Revision

Trawsnewid Addysg; Trawsnewid Bywydau
Transforming Education; Transforming Lives



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Revision Ex. 2 p. 194

- cum Cleomenes fugisset, ceteri secuti sunt.
3rd sg pl subj *subj 2*
- cum imperator adlitus celeriter accessisset,
subj 1 *3rd pl perf ind deo*
ceteri tamen tardius nauigabant.
n s s m *iter* *accedo* *imperfect*
a clv. litus - litors 3n
Comparative

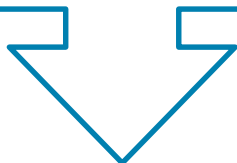
Revision Ex. 2 p. 194

- Cleomenes ad litus cum naue cum peruenisset, se
domi celauit.
3rd ss perf iud
- ceteri quoque, cum mari nullo modo praedones
effugere potuissent, nauis reliquerunt.
subl. 2 obl.
- praedonum dux nauis, cum captae essent, incendi
iussit. *3rd*

Pluperfect subjunctive with cum

- Relation of tenses in independent clause vs dependent clause (= the cum clause)

- IC: past tense (e.g. perfect)
- DC: cum + pluperfect subjunctive



DC happened before the IC

Checklist: imperfect vs perfect

- Perfect indicative is for one-off, finished actions
- Imperfect indicative is for
 - background actions ('it was snowing', 'there was a rumour')
 - starting to do something/trying to do something

Checklist: imperfect vs perfect

- seruū manibus *u*erberauit dominus.
- seruam manibus *u*erberabat dominus, ubi seruus aliqui fortissimus ingressus dominumque *u*icit.

From RL 4C translation exercise

sed ubi Verres ad Diodorum litteras, in
quibus pocula rogabat, scripsit, ille ea
Lilybaeum mississe dixit.

Checklist: relative pronoun

- The relative pronoun refers back to an earlier word (the antecedent)
- The relative pronoun agrees with the antecedent in gender and number...
- ...but the case of the relative pronoun depends on its function in the relative clause only
- pocula (neut, pl, accusative), in quibus (neut, pl... ..but ablative because of *in*)

Checklist: ACI

- Accusative with infinitive
 - When we must use it
 - What the tense of the infinitive means in relation to the the tense of the main clause
 - What to look for: subject accusative and infinitive first, then any objects/prepositional phrases within the ACI

ACI

- *affirmauit praedones cum nauibus captos esse*
perf inf
- *dicet praedones cum nauibus suis captum iri*
fut. passive inf
- *Rubrius audiebat filiam Philodami pulchram esse.*

From RL text 4D

P. Caesetio et P. Tadio praefectis, nauem
piratarum captam esse Verri nuntiatum est.
plenam esse nauem iuuenum formosissorum,
argenti, uestium.

Checklist: Participles

- Translation: present always active, future always active, perfect normally passive
 - Only deponent perfect participles have active meaning!
- What the tense of the participle means in relation to the governing verb
 - Present, concurrent; perfect, participle happened before; future, participle is about to happen

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