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Feedback Seminar 3

Intensive Latin 1

Trawsnewid Addysg; Trawsnewid Bywydau
Transforming Education; Transforming Lives



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Issues in RL p. 50

3rd declension

nom sg m

direct object

acc sg m

acc sg m

3rd sg ind
pres act

Megadorus Euclionem uicinum uidet. [...]

Eucli - Euclionis

nam animus Euclionis, quod aurum non

uidet, domi est, Euclio ipse (himself) foris

(outside) .

domus

ite domum

indicative →
imperative

Location, direction, direction

- domi = at home (location)
- domum = home (direction to)
- domo = from home (direction away from)

Romanus
nom sg
3rd pl.
eunt
ED
domus
nom



ex aedibus

Issues in RL p. 50

imper. saluta!
salutate!

direct obj.
acc. sg. m

adverb

3rd ss
present
ind.

nom sg m

Euclionem blande salutat Megadorus, homo

nom sg m

nom. sg. m / acc. sg. m.
salutat

diues pauperem. timet Euclio. perspicuum

adjective

perspicuus
perspicuus -a-um
obvious

est.

3rd ss

sum
es
est
sumus
estis
sunt

1st. timeo
times
3rd timet
timemus
timetis
timent

non dubium est.

Issues in RL p. 58

coquus

No nominative!

*Use verb
"he calls"

accusative pl.
"not nominative!"

coquos igitur uocat multos ad aedis.

direct obj.

multas

acc pl.

acc. pl. fem

aedis - is

3f

coquorum opus est cenam coquere

gen. pl.

nom sg

3rd sg

acc sg

coquo

infinitive present
act.

temple
(sing)

house
(pl.)

ingentem.

acc sg

Issues in RL p. 58

sed coqui Euclionem uirum pauperem et
tristem habent.

Issues in RL p. 58

si quid serui amittunt, coquos fures putant
et comprehendere uolunt.

Issues in RL p. 58

si quid serui amittunt, coquos fures putant
et comprehendere uolunt.

Issues in RL p. 58

uasa enim argentea ex aedibus auferre

Euclionis facile non est, quod uasa nulla

habet!

From infinitive to ACI

vult

aulam volo

- aulam auferre volo

- I want... is followed up by an infinitive phrase ('to carry away') [here expanded through an accusative object within that infinitive phrase, aulam]
- We might say that the infinitive phrase is the **accusative object** of **uolo**.
- The subject does not change between main predicate and infinitive phrase: 'I' is the person envisioned as carrying out both actions

- seruum aulam auferre volo

- I want... is followed up by an infinitive phrase 'to carry away' [here expanded through an accusative object within that infinitive phrase, aulam]
- We might say that the infinitive phrase is the **accusative object** of **uolo**.
- The subject does change: '**I**' carries out the action of '**uolo**', but an **additional accusative** [**subject accusative**] tells us who will carry out the action of 'ferre'.

Time test issues?

- The test covers material up to and including 1E
- Use the contents list in RL E&G to check yourself