



Examination Answer Books

Candidate's Exam Number: 1702203

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Programme Title: Maths

Year/Level/Stage: 4

Examination Paper Title: _____

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Date: 15 / 02 / 2018

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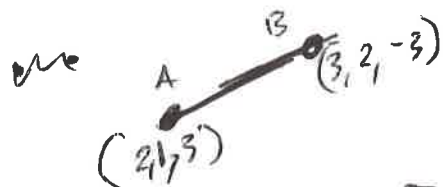
Instructions to Candidates:

- Please give the information requested above and enter your name in the space provided at the top right of this page. If your answers are to be marked under a scheme whereby the examiners will not know your identity, fold over and seal down the top right-hand corner of the page (using the gummed label provided) in order to conceal your name.
- Commence each answer on a fresh page.
- Do all rough work in the answer book and cross through it.
- No part of this booklet is to be torn out.
- Supplementary answer books if used must:-
 - bear the candidate's name (concealed, where appropriate), reference number and paper title;
 - be numbered consecutively;
 - be fastened together by the tags available from the invigilator.
- Every book must be handed in. In no circumstances may answer books, used or unused, be taken out of the exam room.
- Your answers must be legibly written **IN INK**.
The Examiners can either ignore illegible script or have it typed and the expense of typing charged to the candidate.

Summary of Marks

Question Numbers Answered	1st Examiner	2nd Examiner (optional)	3rd Examiner (optional)
1	5/18 ✓		
2	4/6 ✓		
3	12/16 ✓		
4	6/9 ✓		
5	3 1/2/8 ✓		
6	7/7 ✓		
7	0/9 ✓		
8	12/9 ✓		
TOTAL	38/80 ✓		
RESULT	2/1 ✓		

48%



4A.)

$$A = 2, 1, 3$$

$$B = 3, 2, -3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

~~A x B~~ A x B =

$$A \times B = i \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} - j \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} + k \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \times B = i(-3 - 6) - j(-6 - 9) + k(4 - 3)$$

$$A \times B = -8i - 15j + k$$

$$A \times B = (-8, -15, 1)$$

4b? 0/2
P.T.O. for more!

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 19 & 10 \\ 3 & -7 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

8.)

$$1x + 1y + 6z = 1$$

$$1x + 2y + 2z = 2$$

$$1x + 3y - 1z = 4$$

$$A \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{K}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$A \quad K$

$$\mathbf{V} = A^{-1} \mathbf{K}$$

Continued 4 pages

4B.)

$$a = (2, 1, 3)$$

$$b = (3, 2, -3)$$

$$A \times B = (-8, -15, 1)$$

0
2

5.)

$$A = (3, 4, 0)$$

$$B = (8, 6, 0)$$

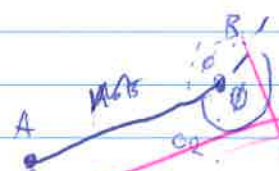
$$A \cdot B = ((3 \times 8) + (4 \times 6) + (0 \times 0))$$

$$A \cdot B = (24 + 24 + 0)$$

$$\underline{A \cdot B = 48}$$

312
8

312
8



~~A · B~~

6.) $a = (3, 2, 6)$ $0 + 6 + 8 // 2 = 16$
 ~~$8 + 6 + 8 = 22$~~

length of $A = 3 + 2 + (6 // 3) = 7$

$\hat{a} = (3/7, 2/7, 6/7)$

Q6

Q6 = 7/7



3a.) RH $\begin{matrix} y \\ | \\ -x \\ | \\ z \end{matrix}$ LH $\begin{matrix} y \\ | \\ -x \\ | \\ z \end{matrix}$

$x' = x \cos(A) - y \sin(A)$

$y' = x \sin(A) + y \cos(A)$

$z' = z$

$x' = x \cos(A) - y \sin(A) + 0z$

$y' = x \sin(A) + y \cos(A) - 0z$

$z' = 0x - 0y + 1z$

$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(A) & -\sin(A) & 0 \\ \sin(A) & \cos(A) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$

3b

0/2

3c.)

$$x = 0.707$$

$$y = 1.414$$

$$z = 2$$

$$A = 45^\circ$$

$$x' = x \cos(A) - y \sin(A)$$

$$y' = x \sin(A) + y \cos(A)$$

$$z' = z$$

$$\underline{\underline{z' = 2}}$$

$$x' = 0.707 \times \cos(45) - 1.412 \times \sin(45)$$

$$x' = (0.707 \times 0.7071067812) - (1.412 \times 0.7071067812)$$

$$x' = 0.4999244943 - 0.9984347751$$

$$x' = -0.4985102808$$

$$y' = 0.707 \times \sin(45) + 1.412 \times \cos(45)$$

$$y' = (0.707 \times 0.7071067812) + (1.412 \times 0.7071067812)$$

$$y' = 0.4999244943 + 0.9984347751$$

$$y' = 1.498359269$$

$$x' = -0.4985102808$$

$$y' = 1.498359269$$

$$z' = 2$$

$$Q3 = 12/16$$

$$12/16$$

1.)

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = ((1 \times 2) + (-3 \times 0) + (2 \times 4)), (1 \times 1 + (-3 \times -1) + 2 \times 2), ($$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} (1 \times 2 + (-3) \times 0 + 2 \times 4), (1 \times 1 + (-3) \times (-1) + 2 \times 2), (1 \times (-3) + (-3) \times (-1) + 2 \times 1) \\ (4 \times 2 + 0 \times 0 + 2 \times 4), (4 \times 1 + (0 \times (-1) + 2 \times 2), (4 \times (-3) + (2 \times (-1))) \\ (5 \times 2 + 1 \times 0 + 1 \times 4), (5 \times 1 + (1 \times (-1) + 1 \times 2), (5 \times (-3) + (-1) \times 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} (2 + 0 + 8), (1 + 3 + 4), (-3 + 3 + 2) \\ (8 + 0 + 8), (4 + 0 + 4), (-12 + -2) \\ (10 + 0 + 4), (5 - 1 + 2), (-15 + 1 - 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 10, 8, 2 \\ 16, 8, -14 \\ 14, 6, -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

II.) $A - B$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} 1-2 \\ -3-0 \\ 2-4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 4 \end{array}$$

$$49 \text{ pts} = 49 \times 100\%$$

$$= 4900\%$$

$$\text{Correct}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} 1-2 \\ -3-0 \\ 2-4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4-0 \\ 0-1 \\ 2-1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5-4 \\ 1-2 \\ 1-1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} (1-2) + (-3-0) + (2-4), (1-1) + (-3-1) + (2-2), (1-3) + (-3-1) + 1 \\ (4-2) + (0-0) + (2-4), (4-1) + (0-1) + (2-2), (4-3) + (2-1) \\ (5-2) + (1-0) + (1-4), (5-1) + (1-1) + (1-2), (5-3) + (1-1) + (1-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} (-1-3-2), (0+2+0), (4+2+1) \\ (2+0+2), (3+1+0), (7+3) \\ (3+1-3), (4+2-1), (8+2+0) \end{bmatrix}$$

III) A+B

$$A+B = \begin{bmatrix} ((1+2)+(-3+0)+(2+4)), ((1+1)+(-3+1)+(2+2)), (-3+3+2) \\ ((4+2)+(0+0)+(2+4)), ((4+1)+(0+1)+(2+2)), ((4+3)+3) \\ ((5+2)+(1+0)+(1+4)), ((5+1)+(1+1)+(1+2)), (5+3+2) \end{bmatrix}$$

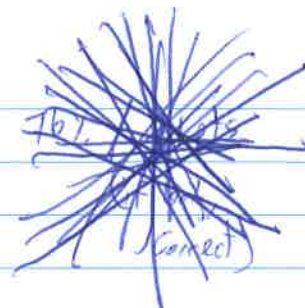
$$A+B = \begin{bmatrix} (3+3+8), (2+4+4), (-3+3+2) \\ (6+0+6), (4+1+4), (1+3) \\ (7+1+5), (5+0+3), (2+2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A+B = \begin{bmatrix} (8), (-2), (2) \\ (12), (7), (4) \\ (13), (8), (4) \end{bmatrix}$$

0
4

Question 1.) II.) Continue ↓

$$A-B = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 10 \\ 1 & 5 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\frac{0}{4} \quad \frac{5}{18}$$

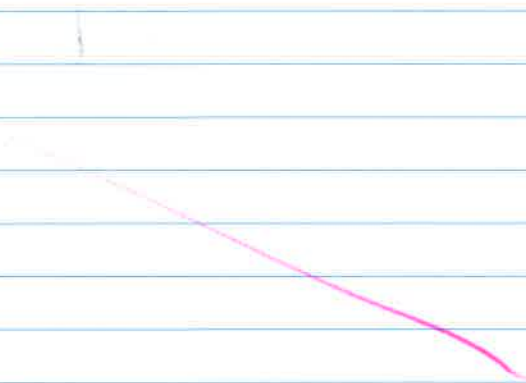
Question 2 is at the back →



$$\frac{5}{18}$$

Question No.
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$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 & a_4 \\ a_5 & a_6 & a_7 & a_8 \\ a_9 & a_{10} & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & b_2 & b_3 & b_4 \\ b_5 & b_6 & b_7 & b_8 \\ b_9 & b_{10} & b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{13} & b_{14} & b_{15} & b_{16} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(a_1 \times b_1 + a_2 \times b_5 + a_3 \times b_9 + a_4 \times b_{13}), (a_1 \times b_2$$

?

2.) $T \cdot P = T \times P$

$$T \cdot P = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} T \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} P \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \cdot P = \begin{bmatrix} (1 \times 2) - (0 \times 4) + (0 \times 6) - (1 \times 1) \\ (0 \times 2) - (1 \times 4) + (0 \times 6) - (2 \times 1) \\ (0 \times 2) - (0 \times 4) + (1 \times 6) - (3 \times 1) \\ (0 \times 2) - (0 \times 4) + (0 \times 6) - (1 \times 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \cdot P = \begin{bmatrix} 2 - 0 + 0 - 1 \\ 0 - 4 + 0 - 2 \\ 0 - 0 + 6 - 3 \\ 0 - 0 + 0 - 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ans 4

$$T \cdot P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

