



<https://www.ancient.eu/article/677/visual-chronology-of-roman-emperors-augustus-to-co/> - 23.02.2020

After Augustus



<https://www.ancient.eu/article/677/visual-chronology-of-roman-emperors-augustus-to-co/> - 23.02.2020

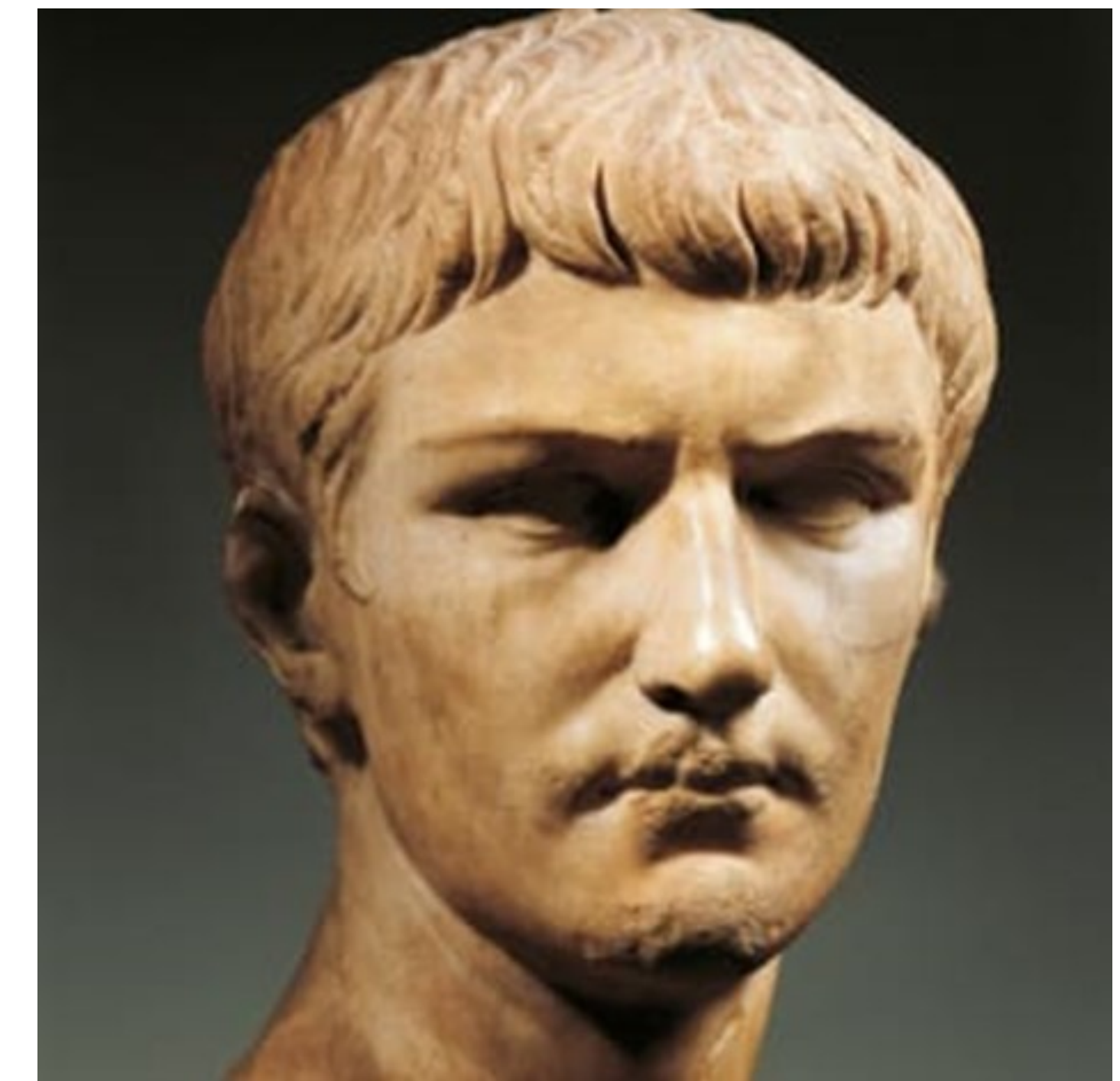
Bibliography

<https://www.biography.com/political-figure/caligula> 20.02.2020

<https://www.history.com/topics/ancient-history/caligula> 20.02.2020

Tiberius Caesar Second Edition, David Shotter (2004),

<https://www.ancient.eu/article/677/visual-chronology-of-roman-emperors-augustus-to-co/>



<https://www.biography.com/political-figure/caligula> - 20.02.2020

Caligula

- * Born on August 31st 12 AD
- * Caligula Succeeded his predecessor Tiberius in 37 AD
- * Caligula was born as the third child of Germanicus and Agrippina the Elder
- * At the age of 3 he began accompanying his father on military expeditions
- * As a teenager it was suspected that he had an incestuous relationship with his sister.
- * It was thought that the passing of his predecessor Tiberius in 37 AD was due to either an illness or Caligula smothering Tiberius
- * At the beginning of the reign of Caligula he was considered a good emperor
- * in the October of 37 AD Caligula fell severely ill with risk of his death merely six months after he began his rule
- * After this he began acting abnormally with him wearing the cloths of Roman women, eliminating political rivals and forcing parents to watch the murder of their children
- * Caligula declared himself a living God and ordered a bridge to be built between his palace and the temple of Jupiter
- * On the 27th of January 41 AD Caligula was attacked by a group of guards leading t him dying of over 30 stab wounds and buried in a shallow grave
- * in addition to this his wife and daughter were also murder

References

<https://www.biography.com/political-figure/caligula> 20.02.2020

<https://www.history.com/topics/ancient-history/caligula> 20.02.20

Tiberius

- * Tiberius was born on the 16th of November 47 BCE
- * Tiberius was made to be the reigning emperor of Rome on September
- * It is said that Augustus said to Tiberius before his death that Rome should remain within its current borders and the imperialism of the past should end
- * In 21 AD Tiberius mobilised the Rhine legion to deal with the threat from Gaul
- * Most combat in the period of the reign of Tiberius was considered to be primarily defence of the Roman empire
- * During his reign Tiberius was able to maintain territory in Asia minor during unrest caused by the son of the Parthian King, Arsaces who was put on the throne of Armenia
- * Tiberius would attempt to solve situations with diplomacy rather than large scale military intervention as seen in Asia minor
- * During the early years of his reign Tiberius and th senate developed a relationship of distrust and hostility
- * Tiberius considered the senate to be his masters
- * Under Tiberius elections were moved from open to the citizens of Rome to the senate in 15 AD
- * Tiberius died in 37 AD of a severe illness however, it is thought that his successor Caligula smothered Tiberius to death.

References

Tiberius Caesar Second Edition, David Shotter (2004), pg 4

Tiberius Caesar Second Edition, David Shotter (2004), pg 59

Tiberius Caesar Second Edition, David Shotter (2004), pg 60

Tiberius Caesar Second Edition, David Shotter (2004), pg 28