



ANCIENT EGYPT

• 18TH DYNASTY

18th Dynasty Pharaohs



AHMOSE



THUTMOSE I



MUTNOFRET



HATSHEPSUT



THUTMOSE II



ISET



NEFERURE



THUTMOSE III



NEFERTITI



AKHENATAN



AMENHOTEP II



THUTMOSE IV



AMENHOTEP III



Egyptian Time Period

Pre-dynastic Period

First Dynasty – Hieroglyphic script developed

Second Dynasty

Third – First stone pyramid constructed

Forth – Pyramids of Giza constructed

Fifth Dynasty

Sixth Dynasty

Seventh Dynasty

Eighth Dynasty

Ninth Dynasty

Tenth Dynasty

Eleventh Dynasty

Twelfth Dynasty

Thirteenth Dynasty

Fourteenth Dynasty

Fifteenth Dynasty

Sixteenth Dynasty

Seventeenth Dynasty

EIGHTEENTH DYNASTY

- Amenhotep was not expected to ascend but as his older brother, the original heir had died, Amenhotep reigned following the practices of both his mother and father.
 - 1520 BC - Separated his mortuary temple and royal tomb in order to deter robbers from finding his place of burial, he was the first Pharaoh to do this.
 - He is thought to have had somewhat of a peaceful reign bar a Libyan uprising during his first year in which he successfully stopped an invasion.
 - He restored many different temples and monuments along the Nile.
 - Passes away in 1504 BC
- 1525-1504 BC - AMENHOTEP I**
- *"It would seem that by the end of Amenhotep I's reign, the main characteristics of the 18th Dynasty had been established, including a clear devotion to the cult of Amun at Karnak, its successive military conquests in Nubia and its closed royal family with a developing administrative organization drawn from powerful families and collateral relatives." (Dunn, Jimmy. Tour Egypt)*

1550-1525BC - AHMOSE

- 18th Dynasty also known as The New Kingdom begins with Ahmose I who, throughout his reign established many political reforms and restructuring.
- Ahmose constructed some of the last pyramids to be built.
- Ahmose successfully ends thirty years of ongoing conflict by expelling the Hyksos at Avaris restoring power to the lands of Canaan and Nubia
- He resumed some large scale construction such as the Amun temple in Karnak and the Montu temple at Arman
- Passes away in 1525 BC

1479 1425BC - THUTMOSE III & HATSHEPUT

- Thutmose reorganizes the bureaucracy of the empire's military
- 1479-Hatsheput co-rules as regent with Thutmose her stepson who was too young to rule alone.
- 1473- 58 - She declared herself ruler alongside her stepson Thutmose and acts as if she is a sole ruler, this rule is marked by great progress and prosperity.
- When Thutmose reaches the appropriate age she makes him the general of the Egyptian armies where he had many victories
- 1450 – developments in technology; the sundial.

1504 – 1492BC THUTMOSE I

- Shortly after his brother-in-law's death, Thutmose I campaigns the entirety of the way to Mesopotamia giving the Egyptian empire its greatest expansion to date, giving it significant power and influence.
- 1500 – expands as far as the Euphrates.
- 1492 – Thutmose I passes away and becomes the first king to be buried in the valley of the kings, in a tomb cut into a rock.

1341-1323BC NEW KINGDOM - TUTANKHAMUN

- 1333- Becomes the ruler of Egypt as a child
- Restored the old religion to Egypt and moved the capital back to Memphis.
- Restored many religious temples.

1386-1349BC - AMENHOTEP III

- 1391 - Rises to power building the Amun temple and Luxor and the palace at Malkata
- 1353 – becomes Pharaoh marrying Nefertiti and relocates the new capital to Amarna dedicating it to the god Aten and forbidding references to other deities

Nineteenth Dynasty

Twentieth Dynasty

Twenty-first Dynasty

Twenty-second Dynasty

Twenty-third Dynasty

Twenty-fourth Dynasty

Twenty-fifth Dynasty

Twenty-sixth Dynasty

Twenty-seventh Dynasty

Twenty-eighth Dynasty

Twenty-ninth Dynasty

Thirtieth Dynasty

30BC Egypt becomes a province of the Roman Empire

Websites:

- <http://www.touregypt.net/featurestories/stephen20harvey.htm>

Books:

- A history of the Egyptian people. Buldge, E.
- Egyptomania. Fritze, R
- Chronicle of the Pharaohs. Clayton, A
- Egypt. Davies, V & Friedman, R
- The civilisation of ancient Egypt. Johnson, P