

Llwybr y Gymraeg
Welsh Pathway
BA3B 2023-24



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Y Drindod Dewi Sant
University of Wales
Trinity Saint David

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Centre *for* Education
Addysg i Gymru | Education for Wales

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Darlith 6: 24.10.2023

*Llwybr y Gymraeg
Welsh Pathway
BA3 2023-24*

Nod Ac Amcanion Aims and Objectives

- Adolygu gorffennol 'mynd' a 'gwneud'.
Es i.... / Gwnes i...
- Cyflwyno gorffennol 'Dod'. *Des i...*
- Llawer o ymarfer / Lots of practice.



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Gorffennol “Mynd”

es i

est ti

aeth e/hi

aethon ni

*aethoch
chi*

*aethon
nhw*



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Atebwch y cwestiynau

- Ble aethoch chi ddoe?
- Ble aethoch chi neithiwr?
- Ble aethoch chi ar wyliau llynedd?
- Pryd aethoch chi ar wyliau llynedd?



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Gorffennol “Gwneud”

Gwn es i	<i>I did</i>
Gwn est ti	<i>You did</i>
Gwn aeth e/hi	<i>He/she did</i>
Gwn aethon ni	<i>We did</i>
Gwn aethoch chi	<i>You did</i>
Gwn aethon nhw	<i>They did</i>



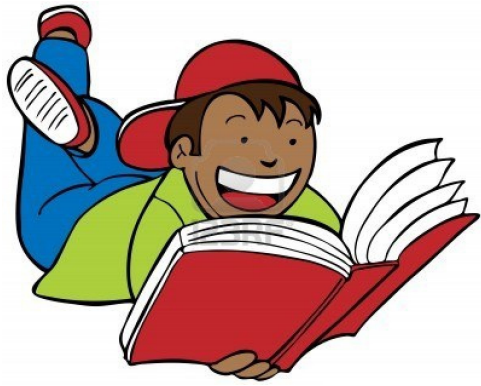
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CWESTIWN	CADARNHAOL	NEGYDDOL
Wnes i?	Do, gwnest ti	Naddo, wnest ti ddim
Wnest ti?	Do, gwnes i	Naddo, wnes i ddim
Wnaeth e?	Do, gwnaeth e	Naddo, wnaeth e ddim
Wnaeth hi?	Do, gwnaeth hi	Naddo, wnaeth hi ddim
Wnaethon ni?	Do gwnaethon ni Do, gwnaethoch chi	Naddo, wnaethon ni ddim Naddo, wnaethoch chi ddim
Wnaethoch chi?	Do, gwnes i Do, gwnaethon ni	Naddo, wnes i ddim Naddo, wnaethon ni ddim
Wnaethon nhw?	Do, gwnaethon nhw	Naddo, wnaethon nhw ddim

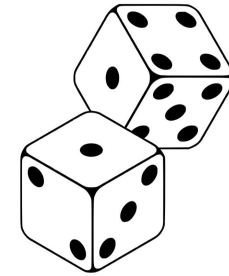
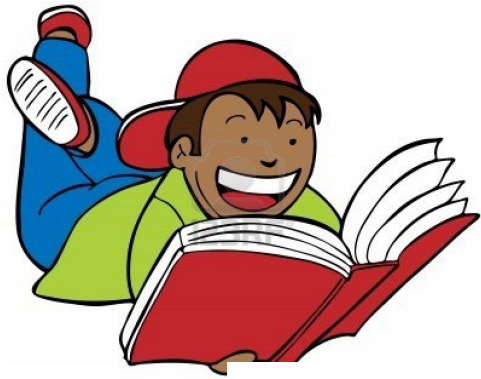


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1 = fi
2 = ti
3 = fe / hi
4 = ni
5 = chi
6 = nhw



Dod

‘**Dod**’ is another irregular verb in the past which means ‘*to come*’. It can be followed by ‘â’ - **dod â**’ - in which case it will mean ‘*to bring*’ (lit. to come with) e.e.

Daeth Mr Davies â bisgedi i bawb!



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Gorffennol “Dod”

D es i	<i>I came</i>
D est ti	<i>You came</i>
D aeth e/hi	<i>He/she came</i>
D aethon ni	<i>We came</i>
D aethoch chi	<i>You came</i>
D aethon nhw	<i>They came</i>



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Des i yma
ar y bws.



Des i yma
yn y car.



Des i yma
ar y beic.



Des i yma
ar y trêrn.



Des i yma
mewn tacsî.



Des i yma
yng nghar
Mia.



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Gofyn cwestiwn

Ddest ti yma ar y bws?



Do



Naddo





Ddes i?	Did I come?
Ddest ti?	Did you come?(single)
Ddaeth e?	Did he come?
Ddaeth hi?	Did she come?
Ddaethon ni?	Did we come?
Ddaethoch chi?	Did you come?(plural)
Ddaeth Siôn?	Did Siôn come?
Ddaeth y plant?	Did the children come?



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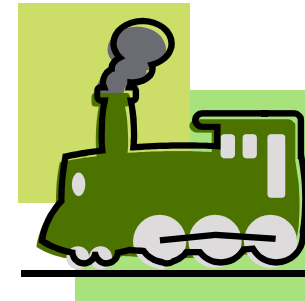
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Y Negyddol



Ddes i ddim yma...





Ddes i ddim

I didn't come

Ddest ti ddim

You didn't come (single)

Ddaeth e ddim

He didn't come

Ddaeth hi ddim

She didn't come

Ddaethon ni ddim

We didn't come

Ddaethoch chi ddim

You didn't come (plural)

Ddaeth Siôn ddim

Siôn didn't come

Ddaeth y plant ddim

The children didn't come

Dest ti ar y bws.
Daeth e ar y beic.
Daeth hi yn y car.
Daethon ni ar y trê.
Daethoch chi mewn tacsî.
Daeth Siôn yn y car.
Daeth y plant yng nghar
Mia.

You came on the bus.
He came on the bike.
She came in the car.
We came on the train.
You came in a taxi.
Siôn came in the car.
The children came in Mia's car.

fe



mewn car

hi



ar y trê

ni



mewn taci

nhw



ar y bws

chi



ar y beic

y plant



ynghar Mia



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fi



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hi



nhw



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ti



chi



hi

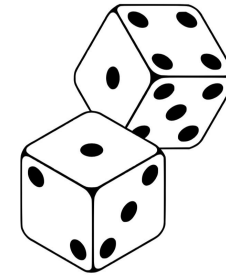
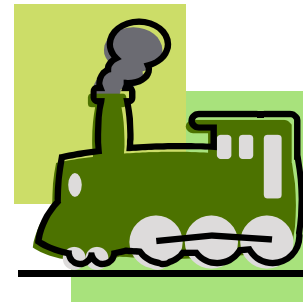


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fe



Mae hi'n amser ymarfer



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2 = ti

3 = fe /
hi

4 = ni

5 = chi

6 = nhw



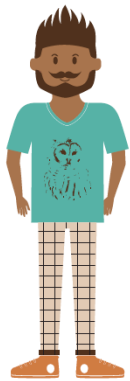
YR AMSER GORFFENNOL: DOD

THE PAST TENSE: TO COME

The forms of the past tense of **dod** are:

Des i	<i>I came</i>
Dest ti	<i>You came</i>
Daeth e/Daeth o	<i>He came</i>
Daeth hi	<i>She came</i>
Daeth Sali	<i>Sali came</i>
Daethon ni	<i>We came</i>
Daethoch chi	<i>You came</i>
Daethon nhw	<i>They came</i>
Daeth yr anifeiliaid	<i>The animals came</i>

Cofiwch



- The negative is formed by adding a **soft mutation** to the first word and adding **ddim** to the forms above, e.g. Ddaethon nhw **ddim** i'r sw.
- The question form is exactly the same as the negative statement, but without the **ddim**, e.g. Ddaeth y rhieni i'r ysgol?

Asking and answering questions.

The answers for all past tense questions are

Do (Yes) or Naddo (No).

Cwestiwn ? Cadarnhaol + Negyddol —

Ddes i ?	Do, dest ti	Naddo, ddest ti ddim
	Do, daethoch chi	Naddo, ddaethoch chi ddim
Ddest ti?	Do, des i	Naddo, ddes i ddim
Ddaeth e?/ Ddaeth o?	Do, daeth e/ daeth o	Naddo, ddaeth e ddim/ ddaeth o ddim
Ddaeth hi?	Do, daeth hi	Naddo, ddaeth hi ddim
Ddaethon ni?	Do, daethon ni	Naddo, ddaethon ni ddim
	Do, daethoch chi	Naddo, ddaethoch chi ddim
Ddaethoch chi?	Do, des i	Naddo, ddes i ddim
	Do, daethon ni	Naddo, ddaethon ni ddim
Ddaethon nhw?	Do, daethon nhw	Naddo, ddaethon nhw ddim

- Ti is used when speaking to one person.
- Chi is used when speaking to more than one person or when showing respect, e.g. when speaking to the headteacher, Ddest ti i'r ysgol yn y car, Kylie?
Ddaethoch chi i'r ysgol yn y car, syr?

Llenwch y bylchau.

Fill in the blanks.

Cwestiwn ?	Cadarnhaol +	Negyddol -
Des i		
		Ddaethoch chi ddim
	Ddest ti?	
		Ddaethon ni ddim
Daeth e		
	Ddaeth hi?	
	Ddaethon nhw?	

Cyfieithwch.

Translate.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1. <i>I went.</i> | 6. <i>I didn't go to town.</i> |
| 2. <i>She went.</i> | 7. <i>Did they go out yesterday?</i> |
| 3. <i>Did he go?</i> | 8. <i>They went to see the show.</i> |
| 4. <i>They didn't go.</i> | 9. <i>You went to Spain in a boat.</i> |
| 5. <i>Did I go?</i> | 10. <i>We didn't go to France on a plane.</i> |

Dyma'r negyddol ond beth yw'r cadarnhaol?

Here is the negative but what is the positive form?

1. Ddaeth hi ddim i weld y sioe.
2. Ddes i ddim i'r ysgol mewn bws heddiw.
3. Ddaethon nhw ddim i Fangor gyda ni.
4. Ddest ti ddim i'r gampfa gyda fi.
5. Ddaeth Alun ddim i'r parc gyda ni.
6. Ddaethoch chi ddim i'r maes awyr.
7. Ddaeth o ddim i siopa.
8. Ddaeth y chwaraewyr ddim i'r ysgol.
9. Ddest ti ddim i weld Taid.
10. Ddaeth y ci ddim i'r tŷ.

Atebwch.

Answer.

1. Ddaeth hi adre'n gynnar?
2. Ddest ti gyda dy rieni?
3. Ddes i i'r ysgol iawn?
4. Ddaeth e i weld y pennaeth?
5. Ddaethon nhw i'r pantomeim?

Meddylwch am gwestiynau i ofyn i'ch partner. Yna atebwch gwestiynau eich partner.

Think of questions to ask your partner. Then answer your partner's questions.

Ymarferion ar y ferf gorffennol 'dod'

Llenwch y bylchau -

.....i i'r dref i siopa.

.....e draw i weld ei ffrind yn y sioe.

.....ni i'r ddarlith ar amser.

.....nhw i siopa yn y dref.

Ysgrifennwch baragraff yn defnyddio berf gorffennol 'dod'.

Soniwch am wahanol bobl yn dod i'r dref. e.e. Des i i'r dref i siopa. Daeth e, Morgan draw i'r parti. Daeth hi, Nia i siopa yn Next.....

Darlith nesaf....

Dydd Mawrth 7fed o Dachwedd

9am



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