1107, spring	Ranulf; *ob.* *c.* 1 Jan. 1123
1123	Geoffrey Rufus (bp. of Durham 1133–41)
1133	[Robert de Sigillo (bp. of London 1141–50), kp. of the seal]

STEPHEN

1135	Roger le Poer
1139	Philip de Harcourt, dean of Lincoln; (bp. of Bayeux 1142–63)
1140, spring[1]	Robert of Ghent, dean of York

MATILDA

1141–42	William Fitz Gilbert
1142	? William de Vere[2]

HENRY [II] AS DUKE OF NORMANDY

1150	Richard de Bohun, dean of Bayeux; (bp. of Coutances 1151–79)
1151	William

HENRY II AS KING

1155, Jan.	Thomas Becket, archdeacon of Canterbury; (abp. of Canterbury 1162–70)
1162	Geoffrey Ridel, archdeacon of Canterbury; (bp. of Ely 1173–89)
	Prob. not styled chancellor
1173	Ralph de Warneville, treasurer of York; (bp. of Lisieux ? 1181–92)
1181–82	Geoffrey, illegitimate son of Henry II, bp. elect of Lincoln 1173–82; (abp. of York 1189–1212)
	[Walter of Coutances, archdeacon of Oxford, bp. of Lincoln 1183–84, abp. of Rouen 1184–1207, acting kp. of the seal 1173–89. (*See* justiciars, 1191)]

RICHARD I

1189, *Aug.*	William Longchamp, chancellor of Richard I as count of Poitou, bp. of Ely 1189–97; *ob.* 31 Jan. 1197
1197, *Sept.*	[Eustace, vice-chancellor 1194–97, dean of Salisbury, bp. of Ely 1197–1215, kp. of the seal]
1198, May	Eustace, bp. of Ely, chancellor

JOHN

1199, 27 May	Hubert Walter, abp. of Canterbury. (*See* justiciars, 1193.) *Ob.* 13 July 1205
1205, 3 Oct.	Walter de Gray, bp. of Worcester 1214–15; (abp. of York 1215–55)
1214, 29 Oct.	Richard Marsh, clerk of the chamber 1207–14, archdeacon of Northumberland, bp. of Durham 1217–26
	[Ralph Neville, dean of Lichfield, bp. of Chichester 1222–44, temporary kp. of the seal in France Dec. 1213–Oct. 1214]

HENRY III

	From 29 Oct. 1216 to 6 Nov. 1218 the seal of William Marshal, e. of Pembroke, *rector regis et regni Anglie*, was used instead of the k.'s seal
1216, Oct.	Richard Marsh remained chancellor; *ob.* 1 May 1226.
	[Ralph Neville was probably kp. of the k.'s seal from 6 Nov. 1218]

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[1] C. T. Clay in *Yorkshire Archaeological Journal*, xxxiv (1939), p. 367.

[2] The chancellorship was granted to him, but there is no evidence whether he ever acted as chancellor. *See* J. H. Round, *Geoffrey de Mandeville* (London, 1892), pp. 182, 195.