

Aims and objectives

To define what community care is .

To explain what is Alzheimer's society and the role that they play

To discuss personal centred care and its importance.

To define community care and the importance of care planning



Definition Community care

- long-term care for people who are mentally ill, elderly, or disabled which is provided within the community rather than in hospitals or institutions (National Health Service and Community Care Act of 1990).

The organisation

Alzheimer's Society is a United Kingdom care and research charity for people with Dementia. They offer informal care in the community and help.

- support dementia
 - Raise awareness
 - Support research
 - Raise money for research
- (alzheimers.org)

Person centred care /Importance

- **Person centred care**
- improve the quality of the services available
- help people get the care they need when they need it
- help people be more active in looking after themselves
- and reduce some of the pressure on health and social services

(Stewart 2001)

The importance of care planning

Care planning and support should help you to:

- live independently
- have as much control over your life as possible
- participate in society on an equal level, with access to employment and a family life
- have the best possible quality of life
- keep as much dignity and respect as possible

(NHS.UK)

Effects on the service user

- Promotes wellbeing
- Increases simulation
- Helps maintain good quality of life
- Keeps them involved in the community to prevent feeling withdrawn /depressed

Effects on Family

- Supports them to understand the impact of dementia
- Provides breaks to maintain good physical/mental health and wellbeing
- Provides the family to unload frustrations
- Help them to feel better informed and less isolated

Statistics

- There are 850,000 people with dementia in the uk
- There are over 9000 volunteers within the organisation

PITT, V., 2010. When will dementia be cured? *Community Care*, (1825), pp. 24-25. CHENOWETH, L., KING, M.T., JEON, Y., BRODATY, H., STEIN-PARBURY, J., NORMAN, R., HAAS, M. and LUSCOMBE, G., 2009. Caring for Aged Dementia Care Resident Study (CADRES) of person-centred care, dementia-care mapping, and usual care in dementia: a cluster-randomised trial. *The Lancet Neurology*, 8(4), pp. 317-25. https://www.alzheimers.org.uk/info/20027/news_and_media/541/facts... www.nhs.uk/Conditions/dementia-guide/Pages/about-dementia.aspx https://www.alzheimers.org.uk/download/downloads/id/3718/alzheimers_society_annual_review_201617.pdf National Health Service and Community Care Act 1990. Brooker D (2007) person centred dementia care; London, Jessica Kinsley. Sanderson and Lewis (2012) a practical guide to delivering personalisation in person centred care ;London , Jessica Kinsley. Robinson R. Moving ahead- community care in Gwent. *BMJ* 1993; 306: 44-7. McGilton KS, Heath H, Chu CH, Boström AM, Mueller C, Boscart VM, McKenzie-Green B, Moghabghab R, Bowers B. Moving the agenda forward: a person-centred framework in long-term care. *Int J Older People Nurs* 2012;7(4):303-309.Shaller D. Patient-Centered Care: what does it take? US: The Commonwealth Fund, 2006.Stewart M. Towards a global definition of patient centred care: the patient should be the judge of patient centred care. *BMJ* 2001;322(7284):444-445.