

BETH SY'N BOD?

Afiechydon *Illnesses*

If the part of the body is mentioned, we must use *gyda* (south Wales) or *gan* (north Wales).

The pattern in south Wales is: The pattern in north Wales is:

- Mae pen tost gyda fi. • Mae gen i gur pen.
- Mae traed tost gyda hi. • Mae ganddi hi draed tost.

Cofiwch



- **tost > dost** if it follows a feminine singular noun, e.g. *braich*; *coes*:
Mae *coes* dost gyda fi. Mae gen i goes dost.
- There is a **soft mutation** after all the forms of *gan*, e.g.
Mae ganddo fo bigyn clust.



WHAT'S THE MATTER?

If the part of the body is not mentioned, *ar* must be used, e.g. Mae annwyd ar Steff.

The correct ending must be used with *ar*. They are:

- *arna i* (me)
- *arnat ti* (you)
- *arno fe/fo* (him)
- *arni hi* (her)
- *arnon ni* (us)
- *arnoch chi* (you)
- *arnyn nhw* (them)

Enghreifftiau

Mae *paswch* arna i.

Does dim annwyd arnoch chi.

Body parts that come in pairs are usually feminine, e.g.

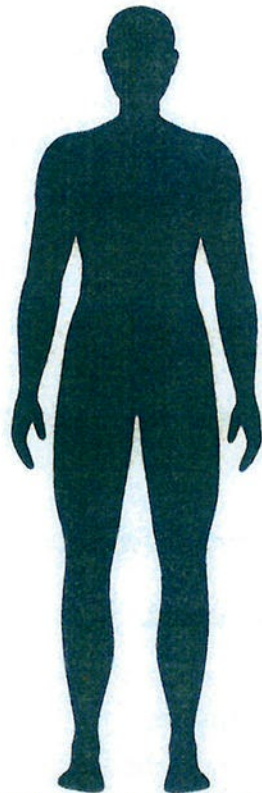
dwy goes, *dwy* fraich, *dwy* droed.

- *dwy* causes a **soft mutation**.
- some parts of the body can be masculine or feminine, e.g. *llygad*, *ewin*.



Labelwch rannau'r corff. Defnyddiwch eiriadur ac ysgrifennwch g neu b wrth ochr pob gair.

Label the parts of the body. Use a dictionary to write g (masculine) or b (feminine) next to each word.



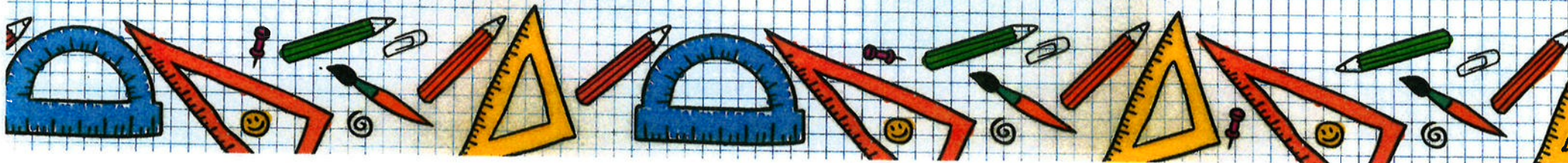
Llenwch y bylchau.

Fill in the blanks.

1. Mae _____ i fys tost.
2. Oes annwyd _____ ti?
3. Oes peswch _____ chi?
4. Does dim gwddw tost _____ hi.
5. Mae'r fflw _____ nhw.

Beth sy'n bod ar y plant yma?

What's the matter with these children?



Uned 17 Beth sy'n bod?

Unigol

pen(g)

gên (b)

bys (g)

dant (g)

ewin (g/b)

llaw (b)

pen-glin (g)

pen-ôl (g)

Afiechydion

pen tost / cur pen

gwddwg tost / dolur gwddwg

bola tost / poen bol

troed **d**ost / troed yn brifo

clust **d**ost / pigyn clust

ffliw

peswch

annwyd trwm

gwres uchel

Lluosog

pennau

genau

bysedd

dannedd

ewinedd

dwyllo

pennau gliniau

Berfau

Syrthio /cwympo

brifo

anafu

torri

colli

gwaedu

chwyddo

Cwestiynau, atebion ac ymadroddion defnyddiol

Mae pen tost gyda fi.

Does dim pen tost gyda fi.

Mae gen i **g**ur pen.

Mae clust **d**ost gyda hi.

Mae ganddi hi **b**igyn clust.

Does dim pigyn clust ganddi hi.

Mae annwyd arna i.

Does dim annwyd arni hi.

Bydd peswch arnyn nhw.

Roedd gwres uchel arnat ti.

Beth sy'n bod?

Beth sy'n bod arnat ti?

Beth sy'n bod arni hi?

Sut wyt ti heddiw?

Dw i wedi brifo fy mhen-glin.

Mae pen-glin tost gyda fi.

Mae'r ffliw arna i.

Mae gwddw tost gyda fi.

Mae gen i ddolur gwddw.

Mae hi wedi torri ei choes.

Dw i'n dda iawn, diolch.

