

The 'command' form of the verb is used to give instructions and commands. The endings are:

- -a when speaking to one person
- -wch when speaking to more than one person or when showing respect.

Enghreifftiau

Cofiwch gyrraedd yn gynnar.

Darlenna lyfr bob wythnos.

Command forms of the verb cause a **soft mutation**.

bod, mynd, dod **and** gwneud are irregular verbs. They are often used for instructions or directions:

Verb	Ti	Chi
mynd (to go)	Cer/Dos	Ewch
dod (to come)	Dere/Tyrd	Dewch
gwneud (to do/to make)	Gwna	Gwnewch
bod (to be)	Bydda	Byddwch



Verb ending	Example of verb	Root	Commands
no ending	Darllen	Darllen-	Darlenna/Darllenwch
-io	Cofio	Cofi-	Cofia/Cofiwch
-o	Gwisgo	Gwisg-	Gwisga/Gwisgwch
-u	Talu	Tal-	Tala/Talwch
-i	Codi	Cod-	Coda/Codwch
-a	Bwyta	Bwyt-	Bwyta/Bwytwch
-ed	Cerdded	Cerdd-	Cerdda/Cerddwch
-eg	Rhedeg	Rhed-	Rheda/Rhedwch
-oi	Troi	Tro-	Tro/Trowch

Usually, the ending is added to the whole verb or it is added to the root which is formed by dropping the last vowel or syllable.

Don't

The singular form is Paid + verb noun,

e.g. Paid mynd allan.

The plural form is Peidiwch + verb noun,

e.g. Peidiwch gwylio'r teledu.



Llenwch y bylchau. Mae'r un cyntaf yn barod i chi.

Fill in the blanks. The first one has been done for you.

Verb	Singular command	Plural command
canu	cana	canwch
eistedd		
ysgrifennu		
rhedeg		
darllen		
gorffen		
gweithio		
neidlo		
cicio		
dawnsio		
gwyllo		



Rhowch ffurf gywir y gair mewn cromfachau ().

Give the correct form of the word in brackets.

1. (Gofyn) _____ am fwy o arian poced, Wil.
2. Prynwch (cyfrifiadur) _____ newydd.
3. (Defnyddio) _____ y bwrdd gwyn newydd, Syr.
4. (Cerdded) _____ ar y chwith, blant.
5. Gwna (brecwast) _____ i fi plis.
6. (Mwynhau) _____ y daith, Blwyddyn 9.
7. (Gwneud) _____ y gofrestr, Miss.
8. Yfa (digon) _____ o laeth bob dydd.
9. (Gwyllo'r) _____ teledu yn dy stafell wely.
10. Pryna (dillad) _____ newydd.

Chwaraewch 'Mae Seimon yn dweud.'

Play 'Simon Says'.

