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**HEALTH, WELL BEING AND SUSTAINABLE
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Executive summary

This study focused on the attributes of sustainable development goals of the UK and their impact on the population growth level. On the other hand, this study also focused on the analysis of the Southwark Council of London and government policies that have been taken to mitigate the SDGs for sustainable development of the social structure. The current status of the SDGs has also been discussed in the report for the Southwark Council, along with a description of the borough, the UK and local policies and strategies used and applied by the borough have been analysed with respect to the required standards stated by the United Nations. Lastly, a set of recommendations have also been provided for the council to improve the current conditions more and be of help to the communities as they aim to be.

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Introduction

Sustainable goals incorporation for undertaking betterment in the service sectors has improved aspects of changing the world situation. Sustainable goals help in protecting the environmental structure that emancipated better growth over equality management and people's participation in standard developmental structure. Addressing global challenges management and equality assuring process structurally conducted aspects of positive opportunity encroachment over dignity and prosperity across collaborative developmental aspects. This study focused on the attributes of sustainable development goals of the UK and their impact on the population growth level. On the other hand, this study also focused on the analysis of the Southwark Council of London and government policies that have been taken to mitigate the SDGs for sustainable development of the social structure. Three SDGs discussed in this study SDG 3, SDG 4 and SDG 17 was Good Health and Well-being, Quality education and partnership management accordingly.

Sustainable Development Goals

Sustainable development Goals was the part that related to equality management for the growth of the future development of the UK. Sustainability approaches changed the constant developmental moves over the business process and problem-solving approaches to managed comparative multi-dimensional approaches.

Goal 1- "End Poverty"- Understanding the hunger Index of the UK and the creation of sustainable plans helps in enhancing stability over poverty management aspects. Further details analysis of the economic benefits and employment management policies ensures the poverty managing aspects over sustainable developmental aspects (Fu *et al.* 2019). Income management and developmental plans effectively developed a better service plan to ensure sustainable growth in the health management structure.

Goal 2- "Zero Hunger"- as per the analysis of the UN report of the year 2020, 149.2 million children who belong to the age of 5 years have faced issues related to hunger. On the other hand, the Ukraine and Russia issues have created a shortage of food production and hunger management process among the people of the world. However, it has impacted the global supply chain management process to ensure better engagement of people in sustainable management purposes (Gov, 2021).

Goal 3- "Good Health and well-being"- Health and well-being management and practice stages have been prepared based on the approaches of daily health care and nutritional development among people. It has provided an opportunity to enhance the better health condition of people in a competitive service developmental structure. Health management standards provided an approach to emancipate standard developmental processes to accelerate better growth in future health management practices (Randers *et al.* 2019).

Goal 4- "Quality Education"- Providing of basic quality education to the standard age groups had improved a better standard of the societal developmental process. Therefore, government policies and acceptance strategies to improve educational plans help in engaging better standard in the service developmental process (Gov, 2018).

Goal 5-"Gender Equality"- The incorporation of laws and legislation over equity management and human rights protection services has provided an opportunity to manage gender equality in societal managerial sectors. Providing equal opportunity and decentralised decision-making opportunities have provided a better scope in future managerial scope.

Goal 6- "Clean water and sanitation"- Policies incorporation and service scope engagement over water cleaning and sanitation management plans ensures better protection in service and health quality management of people (Salvia *et al.* 2021).

Goal 7- "Affordable and Clean Energy"- This approach constitutes awareness creation among people to enhance the usages of recyclable energy sources and their sustainable management to environmental enhancing aspects. It has managed an opportunity for quality assurance and perpetual management of standard environmental service management processes.

Goal 8- "Direct Work and Economic Growth"- Economic growth and direct service management process have improved based on the proving innovative ideas by entrepreneurship developmental programs over society structure. It has provided a better scope to improve sustainable policies that have managed a better scope in service structure (Kroll *et al.* 2019).

Goal 9- "Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure"- Innovative approaches and technology-based service developmental processes have included a better scope in business management aspects. Cognitive standard of the business developmental policies have required a better scope

that understands the authentic service managerial process in sustainable environmental sectors (Bain *et al.* 2019).

Goal 10- "Reduce Inequalities"- Equal protection and opportunities management among every sector of the societies have emerged as proficient business developmental plans in service structure. It managerially improved the standard scope of societal engagement and developmental standard (Nicholls *et al.* 2020).

Goal 11- "Sustainable Cities and Communities"- using of renewable energy resources and planning-based service management processes have opened a scope of sustainable cities and communities planning processes that emerged better scope. It ensures a constructive plan of service acceptances and management scope to emancipated constructive policies in environmental structure.

Goal 12- "Responsible Consumption and Production"- Enhancing the scope of the production plan has ensured a better aspect of the production and management structure. Using the standard technological growth in manufacturing aspects has engaged with sustainable planning management process for social developmental purposes (Yazdanpanahi and Hussein, 2021).

Goal 13- "Climate Action"- Standard policies and practices undertaken to manage sustainable development in environmental standard have emerged in the scope of the climatic management and environmental sustainability developmental approaches. It has opened the standard of the climatic management process to improve the quality of life among people.

Goal 14- "Live Below Water" - Drinking water, rainwater storage for better water developmental aspects and standard managerial process have ensured a better scope in sustainable future developmental processes. Resources management, regulation process and healthy developmental process cognitively managed a better scope in supportive life developmental standard in cognitive service developmental process (Van Zanten and Van Tulder, 2018).

Goal 15- "Life on Land"- Deforestation prevention and land restoration structure have ensured better policies that have managed the standard scope of the service developmental process. Transmissible disease analysis and respective prevention strategies have provided a better scope in standard life developmental and management structure.

Goal 16- "Peace, justice and Strong Institution"- Sustainable justice management ensured peaceful developmental growth for the standard economic managerial process. Analysis of the purposes of the social exclusions and standard quality of the societal ethics management process related to better growth-enhancing approaches.

Goal 17- "Partnership for the goal"- Official assistance management covering government and non-governmental organisations in service developmental sectors has ensured a better scope in the partnership management process. Strong international cooperation with organisations has opened a further scope in sustainable business developmental standards.

Detailed discussion of the 3 SDGs: Goal 3, Goal 4, and Goal 17

As per the scenario of the United Kingdom, the country has been reported to have excelled in three of the UN SDG goals, which have been further discussed in detail below. Considering this aspect, it is evident that the country focuses on the good quality education of the population while promoting better health and well-being facilities. Furthermore, the country has also been able to form proper partnerships to assist the achievement of the goals with the help of sustainable practices in businesses and other organisations with the help of proper technology and systems. England also has appropriate strategies such as the PHE Strategy and regulations for Patient Safety that essentially caters to the safety and health of the people, while looking for ways to successfully implement sustainable practices in all governmental and non-governmental bodies of the country (NHS England and NHS Improvement, 2019).

Goal 3: "Good Health & Wellbeing"

According to this goal, the major aim is to enforce an environment that is suitable for the population including all ages, and is also able to promote the importance of a safe and hygienic way of living at all levels of society. In this case, the government in association with the United Nations are required to consider ways and methods to ensure safe living condition, specifically for the young and the elderly people of the UK, and the country has been able to do so over the past years (Cowie and Myers, 2021). It is essential for the country to match the global trends in this case, so as to provide equal chances of having a healthy life while ensuring proper sanitisation, hygiene, medical condition, and access to safe and good quality food for consumption.

There is also a need to consider the availability of proper medical institutions and practitioners to assist people in need. Considering the current issues regarding the Covid-19 pandemic throughout the world, the country has also been able to manage the surge of the virus contraction, and maintain business transactions within and beyond borders. Here, the main aspects that are covered include managing infections, death, health services, and coverage, while monitoring the global life expectancy rates, the mental health of the population, deaths from Malaria or Tuberculosis, vaccination, and management of healthcare workers (Sdgs.un.org, 2022). It serves as the responsibility of the governmental institutions and the medical organisations of the UK to promote the need, importance, and impact of following and achieving goal 3.

Goal 4: "Quality Education"

This serves as the next and the most important goal out of the 17 SDGs as without the proper provision of the required amount of education, the promotion of the goals would not be effective as the target population might have problems interpreting and understanding the goals and their needs. Goal 4 thus, considers the promotion and establishment of "inclusive and equitable" quality education facilities to improve literacy and open learning opportunities for everyone (Sdgs.un.org, 2022). In this case, too, the United Kingdom has been able to ensure the provision of good quality education so as to improve the career of the population.

The main aspects that are covered under this goal would be the inclusion of children as well as adults in educational prospects while using advanced modes and channels for continuing education, such as remote learning, and improving infrastructure for classrooms. Considering the UK, the government has already considered stressing on the provision of equal education to girls throughout the globe and are active participators in the "Leave No Girl Behind" campaign, and also promote education requirements for children with disabilities as they are prone to exclusion and discrimination (Treadell, 2019). The UK has also been able to successfully promote the importance of digital skills and cultural awareness, to establish the importance of diversity and inclusion, while allowing "prison education reforms" to allow them to have chances at employment after release.

Goal 17: "Partnerships for the Goals"

Lastly, this goal can also be considered as it is an important aspect for the country since this involves other organisations, more people, and volunteers who aim to achieve the SDGs by

2030. This goal mainly involves the inclusion of strategies and objectives that have the potential to allow the country to implement, revitalise, and strengthen the application of sustainable strategies and practices in society and all types of organisations with the help of global partnerships. Considering the current scenario, the UK government has been able to manage the debt burdens on the country, the ODA, remittances, and "Foreign Direct Investments" because of the pandemic (Sdgs.un.org, 2022).

In this light, the UK has been associated with the FCO ("Foreign Commonwealth Office"), for girls' education, "New Futures Network" for prisoner education, and other similar partnerships with "Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy" or BEIS, and "Government Equalities Office" (Floyer-Acland, 2021). The country has also established proper methods to follow the "Good Work Plan 2018" of the government and the "Clean Growth Strategy" considering the proper partnerships for sustainability. Thus, this proves that the country has been able to properly follow the essential aspects of goal 17 as well while catering to the needs and demands of the business organisations in the country and the requirement of the people.

Introduction of identified city/borough

The area that has been considered for this report would be the Southwark Council, London, and in this case, it can be said that the strategies, partnerships, and sustainable practices are also needed to be applied in for the people residing in the place. The Southwark Council is known to have a few flaws in managing the people of the area, however, the council does have a set of policies and regulations that apply to the local population of the nearby areas under the jurisdiction of the council. Southwark is a part of South London and is also known to cover the popular areas of "London Bridge Station", Tate Modern, the Shard, "Shakespeare's Globe Theatre", and the Borough Market (Bedford, 2019).

Southwark is also a posh area, and is the most expensive for living among all the other boroughs, as it is nearer to the capital, with proper provisions of transport facilities along with diverse cultural populations. This shows that the area should also have the potential to manage the changes regarding sustainable practices for health, education, and sustainable partnerships. Some notable achievements of the Southwark council would be the inclusion of the "Citizen's Jury" which includes 25 residents who act as the representatives for the borough and provide suggestions to tackle the emergency of Climate Change (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022). The borough also has planned strategies and policies to support local communities with the help of

creating new housing systems, new jobs, and open spaces for allowing more innovation, and preservation of Southwark history and heritage (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022).

UK policies and initiatives

SDG 3

UK's Director of Public health has taken initiatives that have ensured a better scope to improve sustainable growth in the standard developmental process. Policies and developmental standards of the health safety managerial process sustainably developed a scope of service assurance in the services process of the UK. Clinical Commission Groups of the NHS of the UK have taken standard policies that ensured better health managerial practices in over societal structure (Gov, 2022). Sustainability and transformation plan for better growth in health improvement structure of the local communities and authoritative standards. Principles of the Health sector of the UK have been assimilated based on the service structure of safety, competencies, ethical management, public involvement, quality life, and transparency in services, equality and developmental pattern over societal developmental standards. Basic awareness creation among school-going children about their health and hygiene practices has emerged as a better health-in-acceptance developmental standard.

SDG 4

Standard educational services in the UK have been managed based on the three main principles in the societal structure. It has depicted the standard of good teaching facilities, complementary resources management to deliver a quality service structure and marginalised target support assessment to improve a better standard in service acceptance level over societal conditions. As per the "Education Act 2011", the quality of service management and standard developmental process supplementary developed better growth in the service management structure (Legislation, 2022). It also ensured a better scope of education that progressively planned to ensure a better scope in service managerial aspects over cognitive developmental standards. UNESCO 2030 framework of education management policies in the service standards has provided a better scope in service managing aspects (Gov, 2018). Quality of education delivery services over primary and secondary service developmental growth associated with cognitive management of the service standard in the societal developmental process. Effective collaboration among the people over educational policies and standard

managerial aspects has emerged in an acceptance of conflict management and growth enhancement that regulated human developmental standard in the societal management process.

SDG 17

Global partnership management standards of the UK have managed a better scope that ensured supportive standards over societal management and developmental growth. Departmental expenditure, Capital management and resource allocation process have provided a better scope that ensured supportive scope in service management and developmental standard. Collaboration analysis with the non-governmental organisation and public shareholding developmental standard have emerged a better scope in supportive business developmental standard in partnership management and service developmental process. Collaboration with Common Wealth, ASEAN, and UN societies for sustainable social developmental plans improved a better scope of standard developmental growth in sustainable business emergence process. Partnership management over the climatic changes and environmental sustainability developmental process accelerated the scope of service development and management plans in the competitive service management process.

Local policies (city/ borough) identified to meet the 3 SDGs

The Southwark council has also considered several policies and strategies that have helped the borough to develop a population that is properly aligned with the SDGs of the United Nations so as to match the levels of global transformations. As mentioned earlier, the borough is one of the two top areas that have taken the required steps for managing climate change and improve the living conditions of the local communities. The council offers public health training courses, applies the "Southwark's Outbreak Prevention and Control Plan (OPCP)" and works with the "NHS South East London Clinical Commissioned Group", which is now known as the "South East London Integrated Care Board (ICB)" (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022). One of the major strategies for "Tackling Climate Change Together strategy 2021" includes the following aspects in regard to health and well-being (SDG 3) and proper food accessibility;

- "Protecting community kitchens that got established during the Covid-19 response"
- "Providing allotments and growing spaces, including identifying land that can be used for growing" (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022).

Considering the application of SDG 4, the council is known to operate schools and educational institutions while having a separate department named "16+ education, employment and training" where people above 16 years of age can opt for various academic and professional opportunities including Higher Education, Career Information, Training, Employment, Volunteering, as well as provide Business Support to people (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022). The council also has a department for "Adult Education" where the local population is offered courses that include English, Mathematics, and Vocational courses, in order to enhance both personal as well as professional development (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022).

Considering the aspect of SDG 17, the Southwark Council is known to have a proper set of objectives that allow them to consider the changes in the environment and align the community ideals with the SDGs of the United Nations. In this case, the council is known to have a proper sustainability objective or SDO 17 that states the requirement "To provide the necessary infrastructure to support existing and future development" (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022). Thus, the borough considers the creation of support strategies that will aid the global sustainability partnerships and also cater to the local environment while making the place suitable for people to have enough education and health services. This SDO 17 is also used against the following objectives by Southwark Council;

- SDO11: "To protect and enhance the quality of landscape and townscape"
- SDO12: "To conserve and enhance the historic environment and cultural assets"
- SDO13: "To protect and improve open spaces, green corridors, and biodiversity" (Southwark.gov.uk, 2022).

Thus, this shows the establishment of the three chosen SDGs that have been applied by the council for local improvement and it has been the strategies that made the council to be one of the best and most desirable boroughs of London, which caters to Climate Change, Food, and Health Services, Community Improvements, and infrastructure, along with educational provisions for all.

Status of borough to meeting the 3 SDGs

SDG 1

Analysis of the standard health and well-being management services of the Southwark of London. It has managed standard service policies of the 47,000 people for equating their

standard developmental aspects that accelerated better growth in the business developmental structure. Standard service developmental process that accelerated the growth of the health service management process improved mental and social well-being developmental standards in the service process. Information analysis over the population growth of the business standard has accelerated the standard process over service manage mental situation (Ramirez, 2021). Population growth analysis of the social structure has improved supportive growth that enhanced better approaches that accelerated the quality acceptance level over service developmental standard that accelerated the planning process in the societal structure.

SDG 2

Educational planning and developmental policies of Southwark have managed a standard of services that emancipated a better scope that improved the structure of the quality assurance management initiatives over planning acquisition and developmental scope. Supportive developmental growth in education management plans has emerged in a better scope that accelerated the quality assurance structure in service acceptance and developmental plans. Approaches on integrated digital skills management and advanced learning opportunities have improved a better scope that increases standard services to cover educational development and management services. Standard policies of the equality management process have improved a better standard of educational development and service plan in societal structure. 88% of the education rate of the educational services has observed a better standard in quality assurance management standard over societal management process. Intervention developmental processes that have emerged in a better scope have enhanced the quality-assuring aspects of sustainable growth in the service managerial process. They have managed local training and skill enhancement level of the employees of the organisation to improve a better scope in the comprehensive development of the better service managerial process in societal developmental standards (gov, 2022). Digital partnership management with Its organisational structure has provided a better scope for societal enhancement and standard processes. Online service developmental approaches related to accurate quality developmental standard service management process. Video guide management process improved a better scope that enhanced quality emerging aspects that improved sustainable developmental factors in the quality assured process.

SDG 3

Partnership policies incorporation in the service managerial process of Southwark has emerged as a standard scope of economic and societal management over the service assurance process. Quality standard management of the UK to improve sustainable plans in growth enumerating aspects have improved the standard process of service acceleration over business-standard. Policies developmental plans and acceleration of the business process ensured a better scope that has improved quality assuring growth for the business developmental situation southward (southward, 2022). Standard services of the quality developmental process accelerated better scope that enumerated a constructive plan in service development and management standard. Local and international partnerships enhancement plans of the social structure have improved better standards that enhanced the scope of services to improve the standard quality of the service e developmental plans in the competitive situation.

Recommendations

The following are some recommendations for the Southwark Council, London to improve the systems for achieving UN SDGs

- Along with the usual educational systems, it is recommended that the council cater to the provision of a separate "SDG-based Educational Programme" for the ones who are interested. This will allow the council to increase awareness regarding the use of sustainable materials, boycott products that pose as a danger to biodiversity, and propose the importance of education and maintenance of personal and community health and well-being (Machado *et al.* 2020). This can also help in increasing volunteers for sustainability development in Southwark.
- The council should enforce campaigns targeting SMEs in the borough so that they are able to have the opportunity to improve and develop businesses in terms of sustainability, and being environmentally conscious while promoting the need to consume and conserve water and energy resources, as per SDG 17 requirements (Menget *al.* 2019).
- In order to improve the health of the population, by reducing the pollution in the environment, Southwark Council can also consider enforcing advanced software solutions for the locality that can aid in the reduction of the carbon footprint of the borough (Usman and Radulescu, 2022).
- Lastly, the council is recommended to promote the reduction in the use of paper, promote the planting of trees, reduce the use of transport in local areas, and increase

the use of cycles for local commute, to keep the environment healthy and pollution-free. This can reduce the impacts on the environment as well as create a society that allows the people of the borough to have good living conditions.

Conclusions

Concluding this report it is evident as to what the “sustainable development goals” are, which are set for all the countries and which SDGs are well applied by the United Kingdom, and also specifically the chosen area of Southwark Council, London. This report has thus, described all the 17 SDGs and further discussed SDGs 3, 4, and 17 in context to the United Kingdom, as well as to the developments reported in Southwark. Furthermore, it has been found that the country is well known for the successful implementation of these particular SDGs and has also established several strategies, policies, and partnerships as well as campaigns to promote the need for health, well-being, education, and sustainable partnerships. The current status of the SDGs has also been discussed in the report for the Southwark Council, along with a description of the borough, the UK and local policies and strategies used and applied by the borough have been analysed with respect to the required standards stated by the United Nations. Lastly, a set of recommendations have also been provided for the council to improve the current conditions more and be of help to the communities as they aim to be.

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