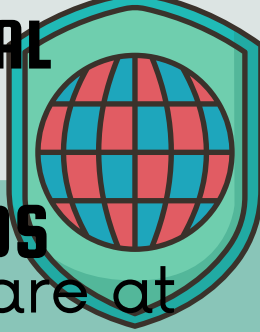


BASIC DIGITAL SAFETY



Basic digital safety includes practices like creating strong , unique passwords for each online account. Whenever possible adds an extra layer of security to your accounts.



STRONG PASSWORDS

Use passwords that are at least 12 characters long and include a mix of letters , numbers and special characters.

01

02

UNIQUE PASSWORDS FOR EACH ACCOUNT

Avoid using the same password accross mutple accounts . if one accounts is compromised , it could jeorpardize all your other accounts .



Identity fraud is the use by one person of another person's personal informacion , without authorization, to commit a crime or to deceive or defraud that other person or a third person. Most identity fraud is committed in the context of financial advantages, such as accessing a victim's credit card, bank accounts, or loan accounts.



03

KEEP SOFTWARE UPDATED

Regularly update your operating system, web browsers , and other software to ensure you have the latest security patches .



04

USE SECURE CONNECTIONS

When accessing sensitive websites or transmitting personal information , make sure you're using a secure connection in the URL and padlock icon address bar.



05

BACKUP IMPORTANT DATA

Regularly backup important files and data to an external hard drive or cloud storage service to protect againts data.



Internet safety, also known as online safety, cyber safety and electronic safety (e-safety), refers to the policies, practices and processes that reduce the harms to people that are enabled by the use of information technology.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_security

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Identity_fraud

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_safety