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Greek 3 (W1 3)

Trawsnewid Addysg; Trawsnewid Bywydau
Transforming Education; Transforming Lives



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Module content by week

- **Week 1:** RG 9F-J + δίδωμι + γιγνώσκω (from RG 10)
- **Week 2:** RG 10 and RG 11 (all)
- **Week 3:** RG 12 (A-F all, G selection, H-I all) and 13A-B (all)
- **Week 4:** RG 13D and selections from RG14, plus revision

Aspect in imperative and infinitive

- In both infinitive and imperative forms, Greek makes a choice between present and aoristic (or indeed perfective) aspects
- To us, this difference is very subtle: a sense of 'keeping on' doing something is attached to the present, whereas the aoristic aspect suggests a 'one-off' action but it is often difficult to show in translation
- This distinction emerges a little more clearly in the imperative: cf. RG E&G 200 on ἀκούω

Infinitives

RG 9F-G Exercise 1

1. μανθάνειν	learn	μαθεῖν
2. ἐκτρέχειν	run out of	ἐκτρέξαι
3. ἄρχεσθαι	start, begin	ἄρξαι
4. ἐξάγειν	lead/bring out	ἐξαγαγεῖν
5. ποιεῖσθαι	make	ποιήσασθαι
6. ἀδικεῖν	be unjust	ἀδικήσαι
7. νομίζειν	believe, think	νομίσαι
8. φυλάττειν	guard	φυλάξαι
9. προτρέπειν	urge forward	προτρέψαι
10. θύειν	sacrifice	θύσαι

Creating Aorist 1 stems

- The infinitive exercise reminds us of the rules for certain stems:
 - β, π, πτ, ϕ => ψ (προτρεψ...)
 - γ, κ, χ, (ττ) => ξ (δεξ...)
 - δ, ζ, θ, τ => σ (νομισ...)
- Contract verbs *lengthen* their stem vowel before the σ is added:
 - τιμήσαι, ποιήσαι, δηλώσαι
- Stems ending in λ, μ, ν, ρ (muta cum liquida) either do not change stem, or get a lengthened stem:
 - μένω => μείναι

How to check

- Think through how each ending letter and sound would change by adding the aorist sigma and if Greek has a 'combo letter' to write that sound more effectively
 - Most spelling changes just represent the combination of end consonant and s
- Learn to be suspicious of l, r, m, n: they are always susceptible to change
- Use the list of principal parts (RG E&G p. 434)
- Check the dictionary entry:

Could not find dictionary headword for φύλαττω. Showing nearest entry.



A. abs., **keep watch and ward, keep guard**, esp. by night, ἀνίη καὶ τὸ φυλάσσειν πάννυχον ἐγρήσσοντα Od. 20.52; οὐδ' ἐθέλουσι νύκτα φυλασσέμεναι Il. 10.312, cf. 419,421; εἰ μὲν κ' ἐν ποταμῷ δυσκηδέα νύκτα φυλάσσω Od. 5.466, cf. 22.195; (Med., v. infr. C); σὺν κυσὶ . . φυλάσσοντας περὶ μῆλα Il. 12.303; αὐτοῦ φ. A. Eu. 243; τὴν μὲν ἡμέραν κατὰ διαδοχὴν φ. τὴν δὲ νύκτα καὶ ξύμπαντες Th. 7.28; ἐφύλαττον περὶ τὰ βασίλεια X. Cyr. 7.5.68; οἱ φυλάττοντες Isoc. 10.34; φ. τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις **keep watch** for . . , Th. 7.53; κατὰ θάλατταν ἐφύλαττεν ὅπως μηδὲν εἰσπλέοι X. HG 2.4.29; φ. ἕως . . **watch wait** till . . , Lys. 1.15; φ. πηνίκα . . D. 18.308; c. acc. cogn., φυλακὰς φ. X. An. 2.6.10, Ev.Luc. 2.8.

2. *to be on one's guard*, And. 1.135.

B. trans., *watch, guard, defend*, ἀθανάτων ὅστις σε φυλάσσει Od. 15.35, cf. Il. 10.417, al.; σύας, μῆλα, Od. 17.593, 12.136; τὴν ἐωυτῶν Hdt. 8.46; πόλιν φ. A. Th. 136 (lyr.), IG 12.108.46; πύλας E. Andr. 950; σε φυλάττοι Ζεύς Ar. Eq. 499 (anap.); βρέτας ἦσαι φυλάσσων A. Eu. 440; φ. τινὰ ἀπὸ τῶν δυσχωριῶν *guard* one from . . X. Cyr. 1.4.7 (but τὴν γραῦν φ. ἀπὸ τῶν κεραμιῶν *keep away* from . . , Men. Sam. 87); c. acc. et inf., τοῦμὸν φυλάξει ὁ ὄνομα μὴ πάσχειν κακῶς S. OC 667; ὁ νόμος φ. μὴ ἄπτεσθαι Pl. Lg. 838b; φ. μηδένα περαιούσθαι Th. 7.17; φ. τὸ μηδὲν ἐναντίον γενέσθαι D. 18.313: folld. by a relat. clause, φ. ἑαυτὸν ὅπως μὴ ἀδικήσει Pl. Grg. 480a; φύλαττέ με μὴ παρακρούσωμαί σε Id. Cra. 393c; φ. τινά, εἰ . . Id. Smp. 220d:—Pass., *to be watched, kept under guard*, Hdt. 3.45, X. An. 6.4.27.

Using the dictionary info

φυλάσσω

φυλάσσω, Att. **φυλάττω**, Ep. inf. φυλασσέμεναι Il. 10.312, 419; poet. impf. φύλασσε Pi. Pae. 6.91; fut. φυλάξω Od. 22.195, etc.: **aor. ἐφύλαξα**, Ep. φύλ- Il. 16.686, etc.: pf. πεφύλαχα Ath. 10.408f, (δια-) X. Cyr. 8.6.3 (-πεφυλακ- codd.), Din. 1.9 (-πεφυλακ- codd.), (παρα-) Pl. Lg. 632a; πεφύλακα LXX 1 Ki. 25.21, Arg.E. Med. (πεφυλακέναι and πεφυκέναι codd.):—Med., fut. -άξομαι A. Supp. 205, S. El. 1012, Ar. Ec. 831, etc.; also in pass. sense, S. Ph. 48, X. Oec. 4.9: aor. ἐφύλαξάμην Hdt. 7.130 (v.l.), Antipho 3.4.7, etc.:—Pass., fut. -αθήσομαι D.H. Rh. 5.6, Gal. 1.426: aor. ἐφυλάχθην Luc. Pisc. 15: pf. πεφύλαγμαι E. Fr. 472.19 (anap.), cf. infr. C. 1, Lib. Or. 54.74 (in pass. sense); imper., only in med. sense in early writers, πεφύλαξο Hes. Op. 797, Orac. ap. Hdt. 7.148; part., Il. 23.343, etc.

νομίζω

νομίζω, fut. νομιῶ Ar. Av. 571, Th. 4.87, etc.; Ion. 1pl. νομιοῦμεν Hdt. 2.17; **later νομίσω** Longus 1.1 codd., Procop.Gaz. Ep. 12: **aor. ἐνόμισα**, poet. νόμισα Pi. I. 5(4).2: **pf. νενόμικα** Axionic. 6.8:—Pass., fut. νομισθήσομαι Pl. Sph. 240e, etc.: fut. Med. νομιοῦμαι in pass. sense, Hp. Morb.Sacr. 1: **aor. ἐνομίσθην** (v. infr. I.1, 2): **pf. νενόμισμαι**, 3pl. νενομίδαται D.C. 51.23; Dor. inf. -ίχθαι Sthenid. ap. Stob. 4.7.63: **plpf. 3sg. ἐνενόμιστο** Ar. Nu. 962: (νόμος):—
A. use customarily, practise, ἐν τόδε ἴδιον νενομικάσι Hdt. 1.173; v. γλῶσσαν *to have a language in common use*. ib. 142: ὠωνήν Id. 2.42: οὔτε ἀσπίδα οὔτε δόρυ Id. 5.97: πανήνυον.

Revision exercises 1

1.	παύομαι	ἐπαυσάμην	παυσάσθαι
2.	ἀκούω	ἤκουσα	ἀκούσαι
3.	ποιέω	ἐποιήσα	ποιῆσαι
4.	ἀδικέω	ἠδικήσα	ἀδικῆσαι
5.	λέγω	εἶπον	εἰπεῖν
6.	φέρω	ἤνεγκον	ἐνεγκεῖν
7.	γίγνομαι	ἐγενόμην	γενεῖν
8.	μανθάνω	ἔμαθον	μαθεῖν
9.	λαμβάνω	ἔλαβον	λαβεῖν
10.	ὁράω	εἶδον	ἰδεῖν
11.	πείθομαι	ἔπιθον	πιθεῖν
12.	πίπτω	ἔπεσον	πεσεῖν

Revision exercises 2

- | | |
|------------|-------------------|
| • φεύγετε | 2 pl pres imp act |
| • ἴσθι | 2 sg pres imp act |
| • ὄρα | 2 sg pres imp act |
| • δήλωσον | 2 sg aor imp act |
| • ἀφίκεσθε | 2 pl aor imp mid |
| • ἐνεγκε | 2 sg aor imp act |
| • ἴτε | 2 pl pres imp act |
| • φοβεῖσθε | 2 pl pres imp mid |
| • ἰδοὺ | 2 sg aor imp mid |
| • παῦσαι | 2 sg aor imp mid |

φεύγω - ἔφυγα

ἀφίκεσθαι

Revision exercise 3

- pres ind midd 1st sg **δικάσαι**

βούλομαι _____ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ, ἀλλ' **ὁ υἱὸς** οὐκ **ἐᾷ** με **δικάσειν**

ἐνθάδε.

δεῖ ἡμᾶς πάντας **ἐξιέναι** εἰς τὴν ἀγοράν.

τί χρή σε _____;

ἔξεστι **φιλοκλέωνι** _____.

ὁ υἱὸς οὐκ εἰσέ**σε** τὸν πατέρα _____ εἰς τὸ δικαστήριον.

πῶς **πείσῃ** σε, ὦ πάτερ, _____ πάντας τοὺς λόγους;

nom = subj.

ἔᾷ
allon + inf

it is necessary
δεῖ = for (acc) to (inf)

εἰμι - lam

εἶμι - lgo

ἵέναι

it is necessary
+ acc + inf

καταγορεύω

κατηγορεῖν

*ἔκοῦω
ἀκοῦω

ἀκοῦσαι → ἤκουσα

ἔληθον

σα

ἔᾷ
allon

ἤλθον

1st sg aor 2
nd act

Revision exercise 3

- δια τί οὐ βούλη _____ Φιλοκλέωνα, ὧ ἡμίονε;
- δεῖ σε δικαστήν _____ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ
- χρη αὐτοὺς _____ τοὺς τοῦ δράματος λόγους.
- βούλεται αὐτὸς _____ πάντα τὸν μισθὸν παρὰ τοῦ υἱοῦ.
- οὐκ ἔάσω αὐτὸν _____ εἰς τὸ δικαστήριον
- ἔξεστί μοι ἐνθάδε καὶ _____ πάντα τὸν μισθὸν καὶ
_____.
_____.

3rd person imperatives

- The form occurs in all voices in present, aorist, perfect, and pluperfect: RG 9H-J works with present and aorist, both in singular and plural
- We have no direct equivalent in English but can translate the Greek 3rd person imperatives with 'let him/her/it/them...'
- It is used for commands, and, more frequently than the 2nd person imperative, for wishes:
 - **ἔστω**, εἰ βούλει, σοὶ οὕτως 'let it be so for you, if you wish it', i.e. 'may it be that way for your sake, if you wish it.'

	Pres. act.	Pres. mid.
2 nd sg	παῦε	παύου
3 rd sg	παυέτω	παυέσθω
2 nd pl	παύετε	παύεσθε
3 rd pl	παυόντων	παυέσθων
	Aor. 1 act.	Aor. 1 mid.
2 nd sg	παῦσον	παῦσαι
3 rd sg	παυσάτω	παυσάσθω
2 nd pl	παύσατε	παύσασθε
3 rd pl	παυσάντων	παυσάσθων
	Aor. 2 act	Aor. 2 mid.
2 nd sg	λαβέ	λαβοῦ
3 rd sg	λαβέτω	λαβέσθω
2 nd pl	λάβετε	λάβεσθε
3 rd pl	λαβόντων	λαβέσθων

Irregular verbs

	εἰμί	οἶδα
2 nd sg	ἴσθι	ἴσθι
3 rd sg	ἕστω	ἴστω
2 nd pl	ἕστε	ἴστε
3 rd pl	ἕστων	ἴστων

Root aorists (βαίνω, γιγνώσκω)

- The stem of root aorists is identical with the root of the verb itself. Endings are added directly to it.
- It ends in a long vowel, which is shortened before ι and ντ. This means that the root aorist paradigm looks to have a stem vowel shift from long to short (e.g. η => α) in optative, in the active participle, and in the 3rd person imperative.

γιγνώσκω - γινω - ἔγνων -
γινωσκω

Indicative aorist

ἔβην

ἔβης

ἔβη

ἔβημεν

ἔβητε

ἔβησαν

Infinitive aorist

βῆναι

Participle aorist

βάς, βᾶσα, βάν

βάντος, βάσης, βάντος

Lysias revision (Lys. 1.16, 18 & 19)

- ὁ γὰρ ἀνὴρ ὁ ὑβρίζων εἰς σὲ καὶ τὴν σὴν γυναῖκα ἐχθρὸς ὢν ἡμῖν τυγχάνει.
- μὴ ψεῦσον δέ, ἀλλὰ πάντα τὰληθῆ λέγε.
- κακείνη τὸ μὲν πρῶτον ἑξαρονος ἦν, καὶ ἐμὴ ποιεῖν ἐκέλευεν ὅ τι βούλομαι: οὐδὲν γὰρ εἰδέναι: καὶ ἐκείνη