

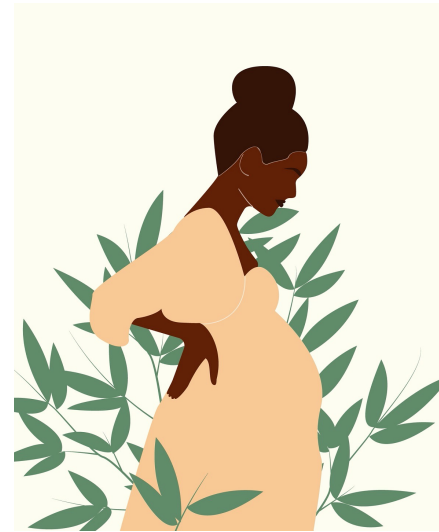


Black women's maternal health

Introduction to research

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Module code: BMHP5005



Introduction

The aim of this assignment is to explore risks factors black women's maternal health, which is important to understand to risk factors to avoid complication in near future.

The objectives of this research is to determine the risk factors in black woman maternal health.



Methods

- The methods used for this primary research were: systematic literature review, in which useful keywords used were:
- Black woman; maternal health, health, pregnancy, risks, In English language.
- Inclusion criteria, academic articles, based in United kingdom, Black & African background/race. Researches up until 10 years old.
- Exclusion criteria: other none European countries

LITERATURE REVIEW

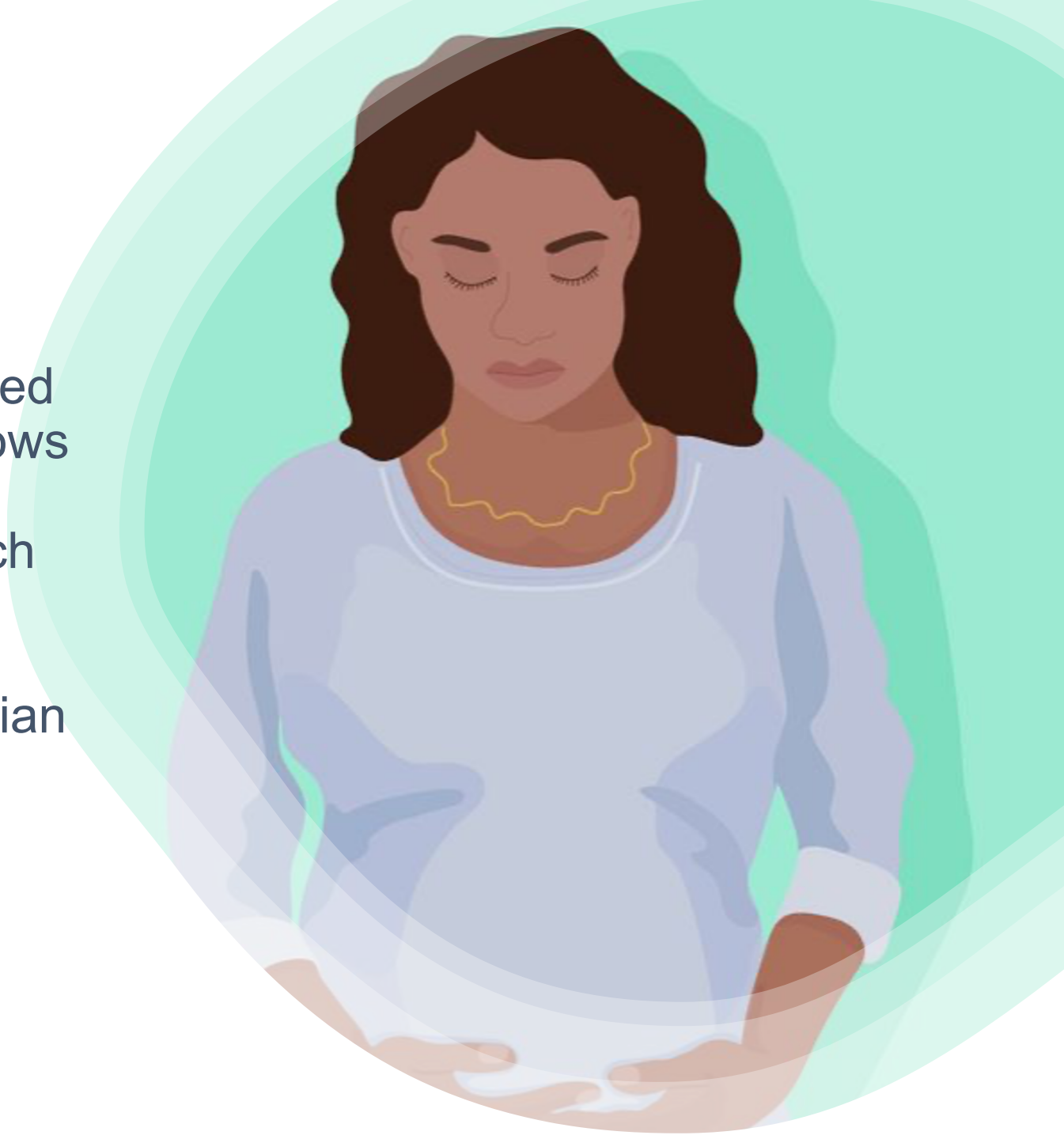


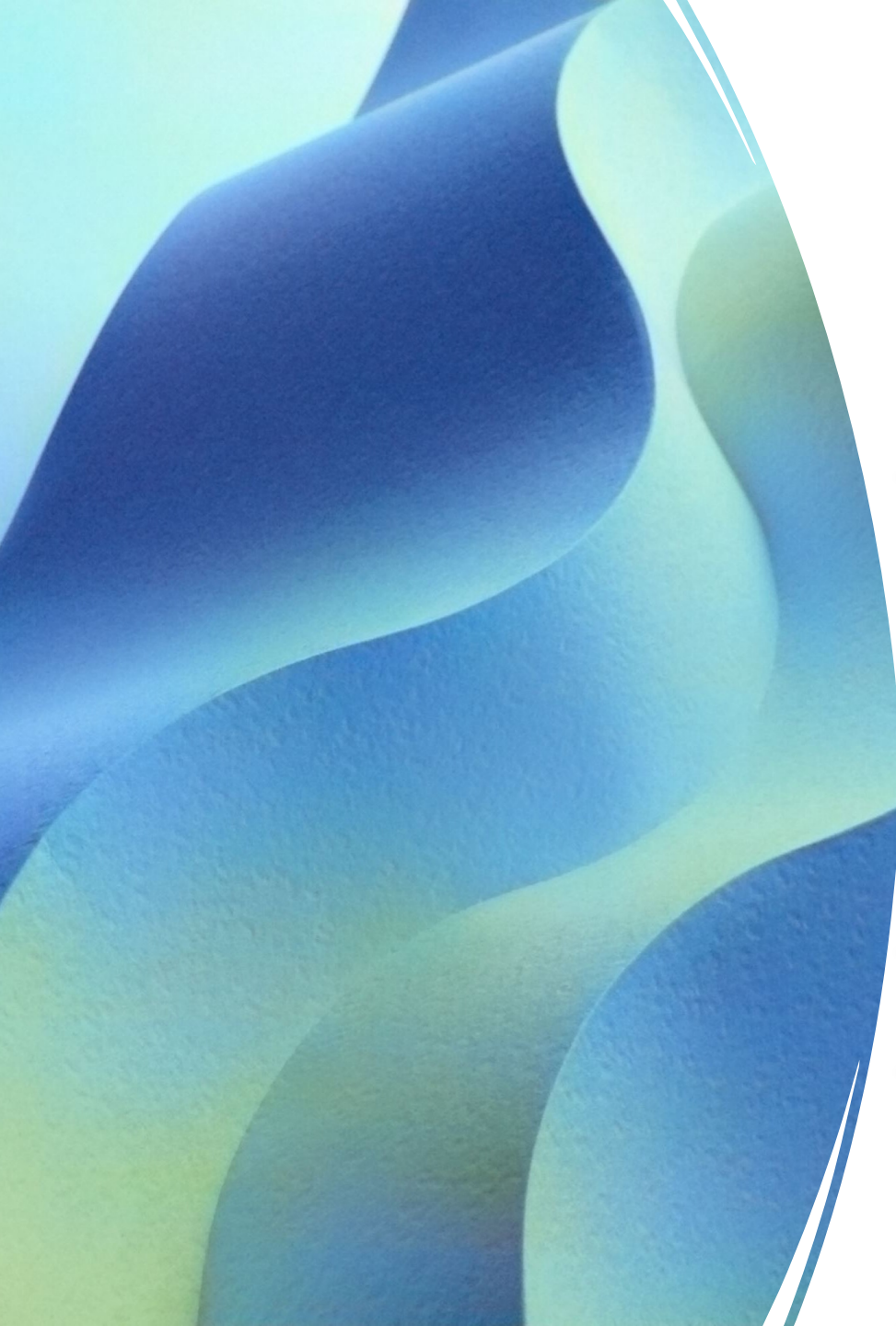
Author, title and year of publication	Aim of study	Methods, sample size and characteristics	Summary of the main findings
Ethnic Variations in Severe Maternal Morbidity in the UK– A Case Control Study April, 2014	Analysis of an increased of severe maternal risk among ethic minority backgrounds in United Kingdom.	Data collected in 1,753 women survey	The research demonstrated that Black African and Black Caribbean are 2 times higher to be having a near miss condition. There’s also high likelihood of dying among woman who come from African and Caribbean background which relates to maternal mortality.
A national population-based cohort study to investigate inequalities in maternal mortality in	Analysis of maternal death, on going birth and neonatal from black/ black British ethic groups who live in deprived locations of the country (UK).	Women aged 35 and over survey	Black women, are at risk of maternal death 4 times higher compared to women from White backgrounds. This

Author, title and year of publication	Aim of study	Methods, sample size and characteristics	Summary of the main findings
Factors contributing to maternal health inequalities for women who are not white British in the UK March 2022	Explore factors that contribute to maternal health inequalities for woman who are not white nor British.	A systematic search of the literature conducted to find relevant studies which were appraised for inclusion and quality based on focus groups.	Structural racism, which implies stereotypes that contribute to health inequalities.

Results

- The outcome results of the research based on 3 academic resources presented, shows the understanding of how black women maternal health is not taken serious which causes many high rate of discovery of mortal health conditions and mortality in black woman more compared to Caucasian race. Also the academic research do emphasizes the need of policies for the minority ethnic groups





Discussion

The studies demonstrate that are 3 main risk factors that cause high complications in black women's maternal health which are:

Inequality health care delivered

Structural racism in healthcare

Medical complications (severe morbidity)

In United Kingdom it is proven that the main factor risk within black women maternal health would the use of inadequate access to healthcare services.

Conclusion

- Based on the exploration within the resources, it can be comprehended that minority group from Black background, do suffer more in regards of maternal health which is not appropriately delivered due also to structural racism.

References

- Nair M, Kurinczuk JJ, Knight M (2014) *Ethnic Variations in Severe Maternal Morbidity in the UK— A Case Control Study*. (last accessed 13 April 2022)
- Marian Knight, Kathryn Bunch, Nicola Vousden, Anita Banerjee, Philippa Cox, Jennifer J. Kurinczuk, 3 February 2020 “*A national cohort study and confidential enquiry to investigate ethnic disparities in maternal mortality*”, (last accessed 13 April 2022)
- C. Rachel, 4 March 2022 “*Factors contributing to maternal health inequalities for women who are not white British in the UK*” (last accessed 14 April 2022)