

BASIC DIGITAL SAFETY

NURIA MONTEIRO ALVES
STUDENT NUMBER:2327581

MEDIA LITERACY

The ability to read, analyze, evaluate and recognize the information. This includes to find credible sources, evaluating them, and utilizing them properly. The trustful sites are the ones that starts with **https://** , it means that the site is safe because the data is encrypted.

Websites you visit collect data about online habits and preferences, so be aware.



PROTECT YOUR INFORMATION

Create strong and memorable passwords , don't write them down and if is possible change the passwords regulary. Keep information private. Not sharing personal information is the best way to be safe.



UPDATES AND ANTIVIRUS

Keep your devices up-to-date and don't ignore any software updates. Use an antivirus software to protect devices.



WIFI

Usually open WIFI networks are unsecured and hackers can access personal information. Don't access any confidential information on free WIFI.



BE CAUTIOUS

Try to find trustful information online and share it carefully and responsibly. This includes use the correct copyrighted materials and knowing how to cite sources. Avoid to download apps or software that look suspicious, it may result in malware. Download content only from trusted sites.



THINK BEFORE YOU CLICK

Be aware of emails ,links and attachments from unknown or suspicious sources. Don't be a phising scam victim. Reputable organisations will never ask for personal data, bank accounts number or passwords via email, text messages , etc.



(2024)<https://www.kaspersky.com/resource-center/preemptive-safety/top-10-preemptive-safety-rules-and-what-not-to-do-online>

[Accessed 9th of April 2024]

<https://www.security.org/digital-safety/>

[Accessed 9th April 2024]