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BMHP5004_BIRM - Children, Young People and Families

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Task 1 – Group Presentation

Introduction

The goal of this case study was to explore the concept of wellbeing surrounding the issue of **family E** and to provide the policies and interventions in place. This paper will also discuss and evaluate the policies and interventions used by multi-disciplinary services to meet the diverse needs of the people in need.

Perception of **well-being** Of Children, young people, and families.

Human well-being measures can provide insight into the standard of living in a society. Haq, R., and Zia, U., (2013) suggested education, health, living conditions, and economic situation are the four domains in which human well-being is considered.

The Care Act 2014 provides a full concept of different aspects of well-being relevant to statutory guidance (Social Care Institute for Excellence, 2020).



(Broward County, 2021)

The domains of **well-being** according to Care Act 2014 (Department of Health, 2014)

The term "wellbeing" is very general. According to the description, it specifically relates to the following areas:

- Personal dignity – this include treating individual with respect
- Physical, mental health and emotional wellbeing
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Control by individual over their daily activities
- (this include the provision of care and support and its application)
- Participation in work, education, training or recreation
- Social and economic wellbeing
- Domestic, family and personal domains
- Suitability of the individuals's living accomodation
- The contribution of the individual to the soceit

All of the aforementioned aspects of well-being are equally significant; there is **no hierarchy** among them. Furthermore, there is no universally accepted definition of well-being because how it is understood may vary depending on the individual, their environment, and their priorities.

Promoting well-being

According to the individual, well-being can include a wide range of particular factors and purposely spans a wide range of life's experiences.

Local Authority Promoting well-being - No particular method is used in how people are handled. The needs, objectives, and wishes of the individual and how these affect their well-being dictate how their case will be handled. The Department of Health (2014), suggested Wellbeing throughout the Care Act as follows:

- When performing personalized care and support roles at all stages of the process to promote well-being mentioned in the previous slide, from providing information and advice to reviewing care and support, it will always include actively seeking improvement in all aspects.
- Therefore, the Act represents a shift from the municipality's existing obligation to provide certain services to the concept of "need ompensation" (set out in sections 8 and 18 to 20 of the Act)
- The idea of addressing needs acknowledges that each person's requirements are unique and individualised
- The Local Authority care and support system should be infused with the idea of encouraging well-being

Analysis of the key domains Of CYPF (part 1)

The political of every government including the United Kingdom is to increase the subjective well-being of all children and young people. A lot of work has gone into defining what a good life is and how to measure it in order to accomplish this aims (Dex and Hollingworth, 2012).

The key domains of children and young people's well-being established in the case study are listed as follows:

- Family and Friends
- Money
- Bullying and feeling isolated

The key domains identified in the case study can as well be categorized under three framework;

- 1) Quality of Relationship,
- 2) Quality of Environment and
- 3) Self and freedoms

The next chapter will lay much emphasis on **Bullying and feeling isolated** among the key domains identified.

Analysis of the key **Bullying and feeling isolated** domain Of CYPF (part 2)

This paper identified bullying and feeling isolated as one of the key domains in relation to the well-being of children and young people. All kids who stand out as different in any way may suffer the harmful impacts of stigma, and kids in the general population may encounter bullying as a result of perceived differences. The anti-social behaviour and the children's absence at school might be the result of been bullied and feeling isolated.

Children valued efforts that avoided overtly highlighting their status as looked after.



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Policies and Interventions (part 1)

Policies

It is regarded as being more crucial when determining what matters to individual and when creating policies that enhance the quality of life. The Measuring What Matters programme (ONS, 2011), which started in England in 2010–2011, came to the conclusion that although individual's objective circumstances may improve, this does not always result in a sense of life being better. For instance, despite society's immunity to disease, people are more afraid of it.

The below listed policies are in place to measure the circumstances of the involved family as well as to improve their quality of life;

- Safeguarding Policy
- Social Welfare Policy
- Health and Wellbeing Policy
- School Policy
- Promoting Mental Health Policy

The above stated policies are in place to administer family E in terms of financial needs, family relationships and accommodation matters and ecetra. The policies will also solve the behavioural and cognitive impairment of the family for instance.

Policies and Interventions (part 2)

Interventions

Practice and policy are inextricably linked. By clearly defining required standards of practise to attain policy outcomes, policies direct the direction and capability of practise. The practise is symbiotic to intervention. The interventions employed in the case was based on the availability of the policies which are in place.

The intervention assumed in the case of family E are as follows;

- Health and Social care Interventions - (this is an effort to analyse, enhance, maintain, promote otherwise alter the health issues in the family. For instance the alcoholic mother).
- Child Welfare Intervention - The intervention to protect the children from the abusive parents.
- Safeguarding Intervention - To protect the adult from vulnerability to harm
- Counselling Intervention - Needed for environmental alteration
- Occupational Therapy Intervention - For job seeking

The mentioned interventions might be needed in the complex case of family E.

Discussion and Evaluation

The multi-agency team's goals and objectives for the project were to work with a select number of families and provide them with specialised assistance packages to help them become more self-sufficient. Early intervention makes it possible to support families proactively, in line with current policy and practise goals. The evaluation conducted which was based on the analysis of qualitative and quantitative data gathered from the families and professionals revealed, the policies - Health, Safeguarding, Welfare, Well-being and Educative that needed to be implemented.

Importantly, research demonstrates that parental behaviour affects children's susceptibility to certain situations or occurrences in later life (Cleaver, Unell and Aldgate, 2007). This emphasises how crucial it is for the effort to concentrate on eliminating intergenerational service dependency cycles. The professional interventions applied by the multi-agency were dynamic and holistic approach.

If the access criteria is broken down in its constituencies, chances are that family E case should be re-accessed based on children policy. The Substance Misuse Engagement Team and health services might considered engaging the family E for further assistance. The mini-project later developed enhanced the entirety of the project. The “mini-projects” intervention might have incorporated the Care Act 2014 to enable less privileged family have access to the services.

Conclusion

There is no author that has given a full definition of well-being. If the definition of well-being is wrapped around a complete state of physical, mental and social well-being and not just a mere absence of disease or ailment, the family E - alcoholic mother, the two boys and the abusive step father in the case should meet the criteria designed for the intervention. Tendencies are that parents who abuse alcohol might put their kids at higher risk of damage. The research proved growing up in an alcoholic household may be a lonely, frightening, and perplexing experience that affects almost every part of a child's life. The professionals might have considered removing the two boys from abusive environment and move them to a safer and stable environment as stated under the Care Act.

The multi-agency involved in the case study have a profound understand with working with children, young people and adults. Although, lack of proper planning was to blame for the inefficiency experienced in the execution of the project. Children's general well-being and the influence of the neighbourhood on it have received very little attention in the UK's history due to the emphasis on individual and family-level causes of abuse and neglect.

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