Eveline's Story with Pain in Philosophy



Epicurus – Ataraxia Eveline gazed out the window at the figures of children, recalling her childhood, and thus was unable to attain inner peace.



Aristotle – Virtue For Eveline, enduring pain and taking on the responsibility of caring for her family is regarded as a virtue.



Stoicism – Indifference For Eveline, using reason to endure the pain of her current life and maintaining resilience in suffering is a defining aspect of her reality.



Aquinas - Spiritual Growth For Eveline, the pain her father inflicted is her original sin and the path to her soul's growth. Thus, even after enduring his violence, she still goes out to buy dinner for him.



Descartes - Mind-Body Dualism Eveline's heart is filled with contradiction—her body endures the pain brought by the responsibility of caring for her family, while her soul suffers from both the longing for and the fear of another life.



Schopenhauer – Dukkha For Eveline, life itself is a form of suffering, whether it is living in her current reality or embarking on a risky journey.



Spinoza – Tristitia Although Eveline endures her father's violence on a spiritual level, she is still able to rationally overcome this suffering and give him her earnings for their livelihood.



Utilitarianism—Felicific Calculus For Eveline, her suffering is twofold: the spiritual pain of not wanting to live like her mother and the physical pain of bearing the family responsibility to fulfil her promise to her mother.



Wittgenstein - Pain Language Eveline once loved Frank, but their love unfolded in secrecy under the worldly condemnation represented by her father. The path of love was filled with pain—unrecognized, precarious, and fraught with turmoil.



Sartre & Camus - Existential Freedom & Absurdity The source of all Eveline's suffering is her final choice. Unable to leave her current situation, she can only watch her dream life slip away, enduring the pain that comes from her own decision.

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