

Boundaries

Societal boundaries

Societal boundaries are factors which may separate people or unwritten rules people within a society must follow. These include:

- Age; social differences between older and younger generations
- Race : people of different races treated unfairly
- Financial status or wealth: differences between upper and lower classes

Age: people of different ages might have different responsibilities, experiences or expectations in society

Financial status/wealth: wealth and income can create social boundaries based on how much money you make

Race: people from different backgrounds might be excluded socially due to prejudice, discrimination or stereotypes

Language boundaries

Different languages may be spoken in different regions or countries, creating linguistic boundaries between communities. For example, Welsh is widely associated with Wales, while English is spoken throughout the UK.

Religious boundaries

Divisions between groups based on different religious beliefs, practices or traditions.

Geographical Boundaries

Some areas are associated with particular religions because of their history and population.

political boundaries:

Political boundaries are the official, legal or administrative lines that divide territories, define government authority and separate states and regions

Examples

Physical or natural boundaries:

- Rio grande- forms part of the border between the United States and Mexico

-Pyrenees mountains- separates France and Spain



Cultural boundaries

Cultural boundaries include many aspects such as religion, food and diet, family, communication styles and language

