

Llwybr Datblygu'r Gymraeg

Welsh Language Development Pathway

BA1 2023-2024



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Darlith 3

Dydd Mawrth 14^{eg} o Dachwedd
2023

Sesiwn 1 - Nod Ac Amcanion

Aims and Objectives

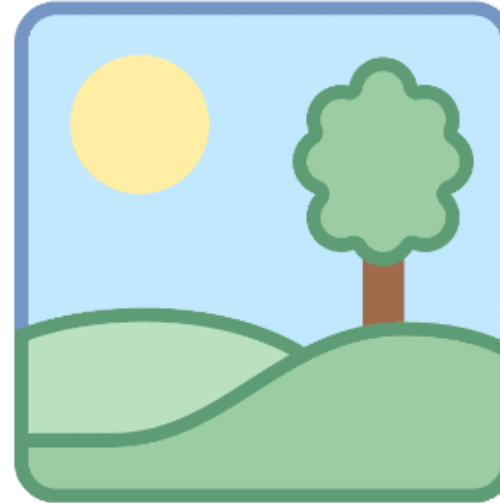
- **Adolygu yr Wyddor Gymraeg ac ynganu.**
Revise the Welsh alphabet and pronunciation.
- **Dysgu patrymau syml – cyflwyno ein hunain.**
Learn simple patterns – introducing ourselves.
- **Cyfarchion**
Greetings.
- **Sgyrsiau syml.**
Simple conversations.

DECHRAU ARNI ...

GETTING STARTED ...

Bore da!

Good morning!



Prynhawn da!

Good afternoon!

Noswaith dda!

Good evening!



Nos da!

Good night!

AMSER COFRESTRU ...

REGISTRATION TIME ...

Bore da!

Good morning!

**Prynhawn
da!**

Good afternoon!

Ydy yma heddiw?

Is here today?

Yma.

Here.

Nac ydy. Absennol.

No. Absent.

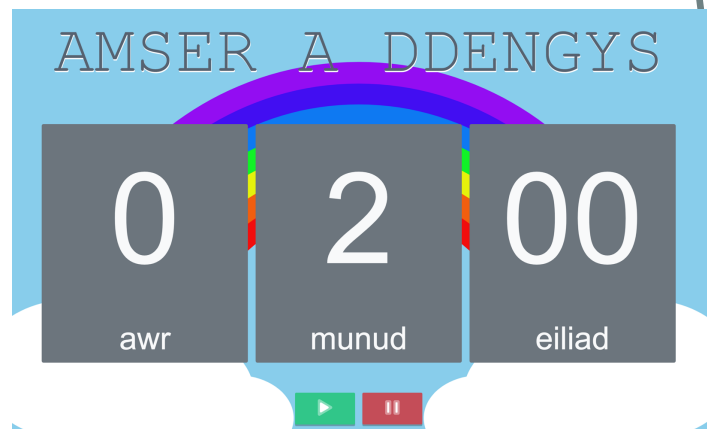
Ydy yma heddiw?

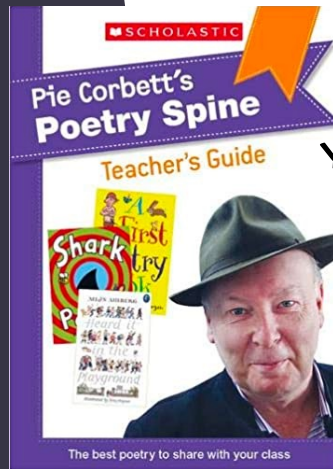
Is here today?

SUT mae addysgu
iaith?

HOW to teach languages?

<https://www.ieithgar.cymru/adnoddau/amseryd?d?a=3:30>



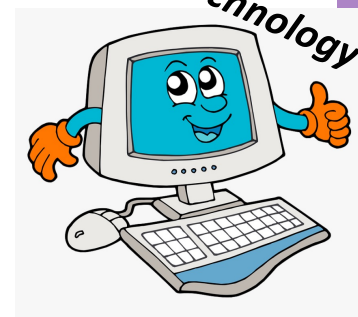


ystumiau e.e.
Pie Corbett
actions eg Pie
Corbett

gofyn cwestiynau
ask suitable questions



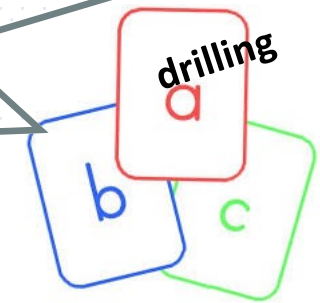
technoleg
technology



adolygu
revise



drilio
drilling



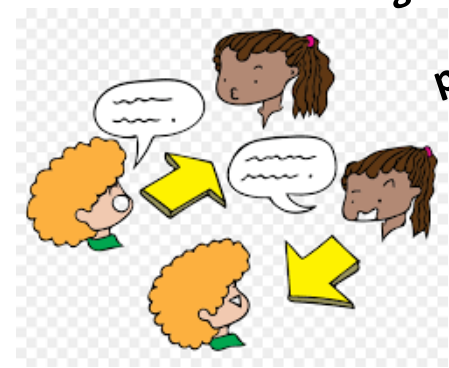
amser i feddwl
time to think



asesu
assessing



gwaith pêr
pair work



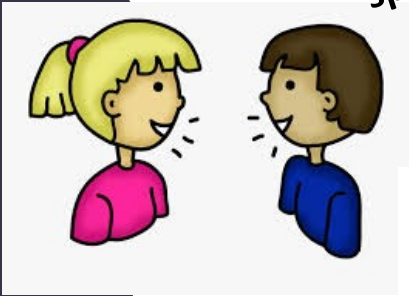
Gwaith grŵp
group work



chwarae
gemau
playing
games



Siarad yr iaith
darged
speak in the target
language



SUT mae addysgu
iaith?

HOW to teach
languages?

Yr Wyddor Gymraeg ac ynganu.



Yr wyddor Gymraeg

The Welsh alphabet

There are 29 letters in the Welsh alphabet.

They are:

a b c ch d dd e f ff g ng h i j l ll m n o p ph r rh s t th u w y

In Welsh, there are 22 consonants and 7 vowels.

Consonants

b c ch d dd f ff g ng h j
l ll m n p ph r rh s t th

Vowels

a e i o u w y

Cofiwch

The Welsh word for 'and' depends on what comes after it. The rule is:

- **a** before a consonant, e.g. bachgen **a** merch
- **ac** before a vowel, e.g. darllen **ac** ysgrifennu

The Welsh word for 'the' depends on what comes before and after it. The rule is:

- **'r** after a vowel, e.g. Mae'r ffôn ar y llawr. Mae'r afal ar y bwrdd
- **y** before all consonants except **h**, e.g. y tŷ, y pennaeth
- **yr** before all vowels + **h**, e.g. yr ystafell, yr haf.

There are 8 double letters in Welsh. They are: **ch dd ff ng ll ph rh th**

You need to remember this when you use the dictionary, e.g. cwestiwn will come before chwarae.

You also need to remember that **ng** comes after **g** not after **n**, e.g. anghofio comes before allan.



Ynganiad

Pronunciation and intonation

- There are 29 letters in the Welsh alphabet.
- there are 8 double letters in Welsh: ch, dd, ff, ng, ll, ph, rh, th
- there are 7 vowels in Welsh: a e i o u w y
- Welsh is a phonetic language, so the letters always sound the same.

a	b	c	ch	d	dd	e	f	ff	g	ng	h
aa	buh	kuh	chh	duh	th <i>like th in the</i>	eh	vuh	fuh	guh	ung	huh
i	j	l	ll	m	n	o	p	ph	r	rh	s
ee	juh	luh	llu <i>as in Llanelli</i>	muh	nuh	o	puh	fuh	ruh	rrrh	ss
t	th	u	w	y	<i>The stress usually falls on the last syllable but one in Welsh words. Putting stress on a syllable means lengthening the sound with more emphasis in the voice.</i>						
tuh	th <i>as in thin</i>	ee	oo	uh							

For example, people with a Welsh accent would pronounce the name, 'Meredith' as Mer-ed-ith, with the last sound but one 'ed' stressed. People with an English accent would tend to put equal weight on all three syllables - Mer-ed-ith. Try saying these words:

canol	carreg	darllen
canolfan	caregog	darllennais
canolfannau		

Note how the stress moves on each time a unit of sound or syllable is added.

Cofiwch



Yr Wyddor	a	b	c	ch	d
dd	e	f	ff	g	ng
h	i	j	l	ll	m
n	o	p	ph	r	rh
s	t	th	u	w	y

Allwedd / Key:



llafariaid / vowels



cytseiniaid / consonants



llythrennau dwbl / double letters

BETH SY'N DOD CYN?

cyn = before

s

b

ch

i

y

f

l

r

Rhowch y geiriau yma yn nhrefn yr wyddor: *Arrange these words in alphabetical order:*

- dosbarth
- ysgol
- llyfr
- cas pensil
- taflen
- athro
- cadair
- bag
- cot
- desg

Atebion: *Answers:*



Gwaith grŵp: *Group work:*

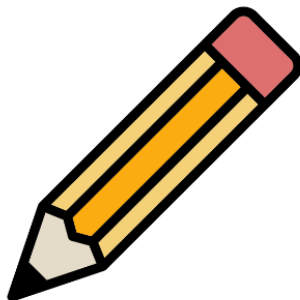
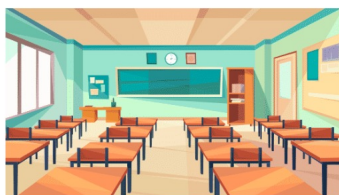
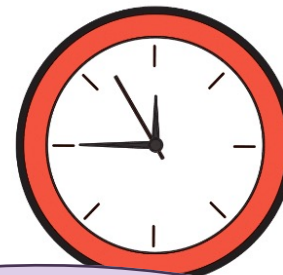
- **Tasg: Storm syniadau**

Brain storm

- ***Meddyliwch am weithgareddau gallwch chi ddefnyddio er mwyn dysgu'r wyddor i'r disgyblion.***

Think of activities to teach the Welsh alphabet to the pupils.

Chwap!



Beth am greu rhai ar gyfer
themâu gwahanol?

- tywydd > weather
- lliwiau > colours
- bwyd > food

Syniadau:

-  **Wordwall** : <https://wordwall.net/resource/63772306>
- Creu cwis: **Kahoot!**
- Defnyddio cardiau fflach. *Use flashcards.*
- Defnyddio dis: <https://www.ieithgar.cymru/> - en

ai ae au	Similar to English <i>eye</i>	gwaith , gwair , cadair , Owain , llygaid , blaidd llaeth , pennaeth , chwaraeon , gwasanaeth , chwaer , gaeaf cau , adnoddau , blociau , esgidiau , dechrau , golau , llyfrau .
aw	Similar to English <i>ow</i> in <i>cow</i>	awr , awyren , caws , cawl , dawn , llawn , rhaw , bawd , Mawrth
ei eu ey	Similar to English <i>say</i>	eich , gweithio , teithio , neidio , cyfeiriad , gweithgaredd , eiliad , dweud , gwneud , Eurwen , goleudy , Llangyndeyrn .
oi oe ou	Similar to English <i>oy</i> in <i>boy</i>	cloi , troi , rhoi , oed , oer , ddoe , coeden , coes , cyffrous , clou .
ow	Similar to English <i>ow</i> in <i>own</i>	Owen , clowch , trowch , rhowch , trowsus , brown , powlen ,
wy	This sound doesn't occur in English	swyddfa , cwyn , hwyr , hwyl , hwyaden , dwy , llwy , bwyd , bwyta , rhwydd , egwyl , mwydyn , olwyn , llwynog , modrwy .

SUT MAE DWEUD.....? HOW DO WE SAY?

1

gwauith

2

aur

3

buyd

4

chwauer

5

llyguaid

6

dweud

7

caws

8

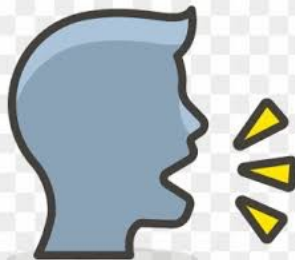
cluwn

9

rhoui

10

gwneud



SUT MAE DWEUD.....? *HOW DO WE SAY?*

Yn y Gymraeg mae'r pwyslais, fel arfer, ar y sillaf olaf ond un.

In Welsh, the emphasis is almost always on the last but one syllable.

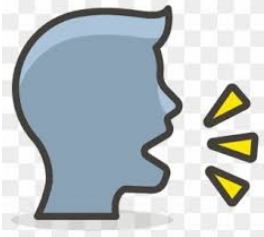
Llisa

DAFydd

AngHArad

BACHgen

YSgol



AberTAWe

CaerFYRDDin

LlanELLi

SUT MAE CYFARCH Y DOSBARTH?

HOW DO YOU GREET THE CLASS?

Bore da,
blant!

Bore da,
bawb!



Bore da,
ddosbarth!

Bore da,
flwyddyn 2!

Cofiwch!

Treiglad meddal ar ôl cyfarchiad!
(soft mutation after a greeting)

Sut wyt ti heddiw?

Rydw i / Dw i



yn hapus



yn **d**rist



yn **f**linedig



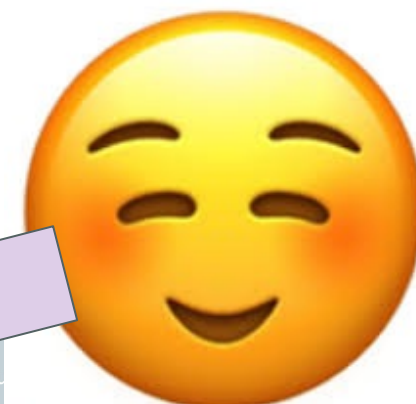
yn sâl



yn nerfus



yn **f**endigedig



yn iawn

Ti



UN PERSON

Sut wyt **ti** heddiw?

i + yn = i'n

Rydw i / Dw i

**ti = you
(singular)**



yn hapus



yn **drist**



yn **flinedig**



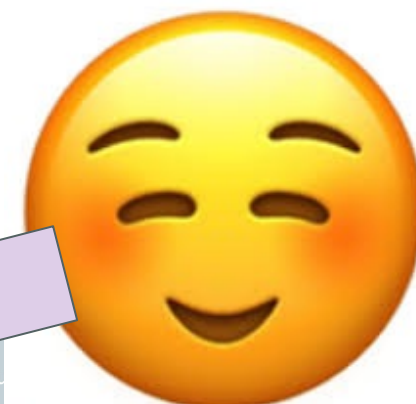
yn sâl



yn nerfus



yn **fendigedig**



yn iawn

Chi

Chi



LLUOSOG
(*plural*)

Chi



Dangos parch
(*show respect*)

Sut ydych **chi** heddiw?

Ry**dyn** ni'n / 'D**yn** ni'n

chi = you
(plural)



yn hapus



yn **d**rist



yn **f**linedig



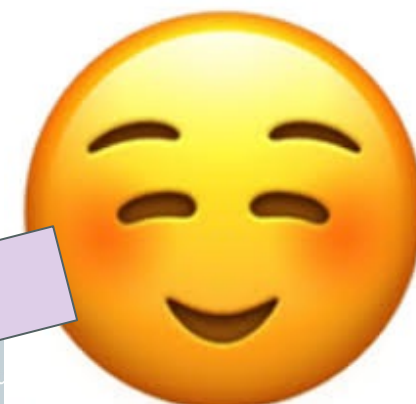
yn sâl



yn nerfus



yn **f**endigedig



yn iawn

Pwy wyt ti?

Who are you?

..... ydw i.

I am

Beth ydy dy enw (di)?

What is your name?

..... ydw i.

I am

Sut wyt ti heddiw ...?

How are you today?

Dw i'n, diolch.

I am, thank you .



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CYMRAEG
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Gwaith pêr:

Ble wyt ti'n byw?

Rydw i'n byw yn Abertawe.

Dw i'n byw yn Rhos.



Ble wyt ti'n byw? (S)
Ble ydych chi'n byw? (P)
(Where do you live?)

Rydw i'n byw yng Nghaerfyrddin.
Rydw i'n byw ym Mangor.



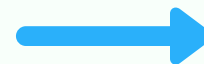
Treigladau Trwynol

Ar ôl/ after:

yn = in

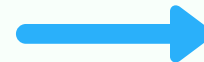
fy = my

p



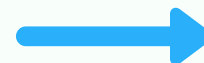
mh

t



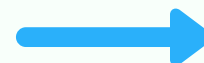
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c



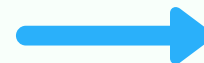
ngh

b



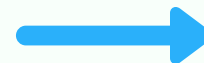
m

d



n

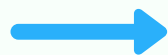
g



ng

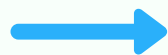


Powys



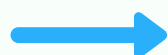
ym **M**howys

Tyddewi



yn **N**hyddewi

Caerdydd



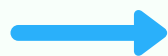
yng **N**ghaerdydd

Bangor



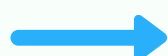
ym **M**angor

Doc Penfro



yn **N**oc Penfro

Garnant



yng **N**garnant

Ymarfer:

Penarth	→	ym M henarth
Tregaron	→	yn N hregaron
Caerfyrddin	→	yng N ghaerfyrddin
Beddgelert	→	ym M eddgelert
Dolgellau	→	yn N olgellau
Gellideg	→	yng N gellideg

O ble wyt ti'n dod? (S)
O ble ydych chi'n dod? (P)
(Where do you come from?)

Rydw i'n dod o Gaerfyrddin.
Rydw i'n dod o Abertawe.

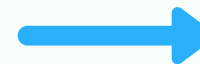


Treigladau Meddal

Ar ôl/ after:

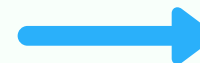
o = from

p



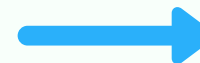
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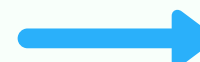
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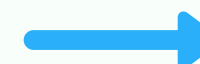
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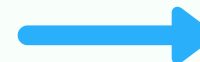
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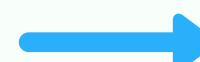
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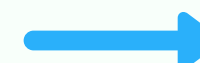
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ll



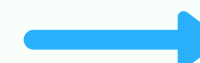
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m



f

rh



r



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GWASANAETHAU
CYMRAEG
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Ble wyt ti'n byw...?

Where do you live....?

Dw i'n byw yn

I live in

**Remember
the nasal
mutation!**



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GWASANAETHAU
CYMRAEG
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O ble wyt ti'n dod...?

Where do you come from....?

Dw i'n dod o.....

I come from.....

**Remember the
soft mutation
after 'o'!**

RHOWCH GYNNIG ARNI ... *GIVE IT A TRY ...*

A: Bore da!

B: Bore da! Sut wyt ti?

A: Rydw i'n iawn, diolch. Sut wyt ti?

B: Rydw i'n hapus, diolch.

A: Pwy wyt ti?

B: Sara ydw i. Beth ydy dy enw di?

A: Rhys ydw i. Ble wyt ti'n byw?

B: Rydw i'n byw yng Nghaerffili. O ble wyt ti'n dod?

A: Rydw i'n dod o Gaerdydd.

B: Hwyl fawr.

RHOWCH GYNNIG ARNI ..*GIVE IT A TRY*...

A: Prynhawn da!

B:

A:

B:

A:

B:

A:

B:

**Cwblhewch y sgwrs gan
ddefnyddio'r patrymau
ddysgoch chi heddiw.**

**Complete the conversation
by using the Welsh patterns
you learnt today.**

Pob lwc!

OES CWESTIWN? *IS THERE A QUESTION?*



Darlith nesaf: 21^{ain} o Dachwedd 2023 2-4 y.p.

