

Intensive Latin 1

Week 7: Reading Latin 2e

Aims

- Introduce the future indicative deponent forms
- Practise translating

Future deponent verbs

As we've seen before, the deponent is the form of the verb that looks passive but translates active.

It exists only for a special list of fairly common verbs which do not have a normal active form.

The same distinction between 1st / 2nd conjugation and 3rd / 4th exists as we saw for active future tense verbs.

The endings are the same as you learned for the present deponent.

Future tense deponent person endings

Person	Future deponent endings
1 st s (I)	r
2 nd s (you)	ris
3 rd s (he/she/it)	tur
1 st pl (we)	mur
2 nd pl (you)	mini
3 rd pl (they)	ntur

Future deponent verbs (all conjugations)

Person	1 st Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall threaten</i>	2 nd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall promise</i>	3 rd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall speak</i>	4 th Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall lie</i>	3 rd /4 th Future Deponent <i>I shall advance</i>
1 st s (I)	min a bor	pollice e bor	loqu a r	ment i a	progredi e r
2 nd s (you)	min a beris (-re)	pollice e beris (-re)	loqu e ris (-re)	ment i eris (-re)	progredi e ris (-re)
3 rd s (he/she/it)	min a bitur	pollice e bitur	loqu e tur	ment i etur	progredi e tur
1 st pl (we)	min a bimur	pollice e bimur	loqu e mur	ment i emur	progredi e mur
2 nd pl (you)	min a bimini	pollice e bimini	loqu e mini	ment i emini	progredi e mini
3 rd pl (they)	min a buntur	pollice e buntur	loqu e ntur	ment i entur	progredi e ntur

Future compared with present deponent (1st / 2nd)

Person	1 st Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall threaten</i>	1 st Conjugation Present Deponent <i>I threaten</i>	2 nd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall promise</i>	2 nd Conjugation Present Deponent <i>I promise</i>
1 st s (I)	min a bor	min or	pollic e bor	pollic or
2 nd s (you)	min a beris (-re)	minar is (-re)	pollic e beris (-re)	pollicer is (-re)
3 rd s (he/she/it)	min a bitur	minat ur	pollic e bitur	pollicet ur
1 st pl (we)	min a bimur	minam ur	pollic e bimur	pollicem ur
2 nd pl (you)	min a bimini	minam ini	pollic e bimini	pollicem ini
3 rd pl (they)	min a buntur	minant ur	pollic e buntur	pollicent ur

Future compared with present deponent (3rd / 4th)

Person	3 rd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall speak</i>	3 rd Conjugation Present Deponent <i>I speak</i>	4th Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall lie</i>	4th Conjugation Present Deponent <i>I lie</i>
1 st s (I)	loquar	loquor	mentiar	mentior
2 nd s (you)	loqueris (-re)	loqueris (-re)	mentieris (-re)	mentiris (-re)
3 rd s (he/she/it)	loquetur	loquitur	mentietur	mentitur
1 st pl (we)	loquemur	loquimur	mentiemur	mentimur
2 nd pl (you)	loquimini	loquimini	mentiemini	mentimini
3 rd pl (they)	loquuntur	loquuntur	mentientur	mentiuntur

Future deponent compared with future active (1st / 2nd)

Person	1 st Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall threaten</i>	1 st Conjugation Future Active <i>I shall love</i>	2 nd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall promise</i>	2 nd Conjugation Future Active <i>I shall have</i>
1 st s (I)	min a bor	amab o	pollic e bor	habeb o
2 nd s (you)	min a beris (-re)	amab is	pollic e beris (-re)	habeb is
3 rd s (he/she/it)	min a bitur	amab it	pollic e bitur	habeb it
1 st pl (we)	min a bimur	amab imus	pollic e bimur	habeb imus
2 nd pl (you)	min a bimini	amab itis	pollic e bimini	habeb itis
3 rd pl (they)	min a buntur	amab unt	pollic e buntur	habeb unt

Future compared with present deponent (3rd / 4th)

Person	3 rd Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall speak</i>	3 rd Conjugation Future Active <i>I shall say</i>	4th Conjugation Future Deponent <i>I shall lie</i>	4th Conjugation Future Active <i>I shall hear</i>
1 st s (I)	loquar	dicam	mentiar	audiam
2 nd s (you)	loqueris (-re)	dices	mentieris (-re)	audies
3 rd s (he/she/it)	loquetur	dicet	mentietur	audiet
1 st pl (we)	loquemur	dicemus	mentiemur	audiemus
2 nd pl (you)	loquimini	dicetis	mentiemini	audietis
3 rd pl (they)	loquuntur	dicent	mentientur	audient

Learning and Practice



LEARN HOW TO FORM THE
FUTURE DEPONENT



USE THE EXERCISES ON PP101-
05 TO PRACTISE THESE VERBS



Extended translation process

- Find the text to follow along: *Reading Latin: Text and Vocabulary* p78
 - Use the running vocabulary on p79

Extended translation process (i)

IUPPITER (*in aedīs exit*) hinc in aedīs ingrediar; nam Alcumēna intrō mox parturiet
et duo filiī nāscuntur.

AMPHITRUŌ (*intrat et Amphitruōnem alterum propter scelera castigat, nescius
dolōrum Iouis.*) periī miser! quid ego faciam? Amphitruō ille homo nihilī
est! numquam edepol dē hāc rē mentiētur inultus. nam ad rēgem 245
prōgrediar et rem tōtam ēloquar; ego pol Amphitruōnem illum ulcīscar
hodiē! numquam illum effugere patiar! sed ubi est ille? nescius ego – nisi
intrō abiit ille hūc ad uxōrem meam. quid nunc agam nisi illum hāc sequar
in aedīs et necābō? sī illum cōspiciābor, mortī statim propter scelera
dabō! neque mē Iuppiter neque dī omnēs prohibēre illum ad mortem 250
statim mittere audēbunt, etiam sī uolent. nunc iam hāc ingrediar in aedīs.
tantī Amphitruō alter erit quantī fungus putidus!

(*Enter Bromia with news of the dramatic birth of the children*)

Extended translation process (ii)

BROMIA	ō mē miseram! uae miserae mihi! caput dolet, neque audiō, nec uītam nec uōcem habeō, nec quicquam cōspicor. nam ubi Alcumēna intrō parturiuit 255 et deōs inuocāuit, subito fuit strepitus, crepitus, sonitus, tonitrus! ibi uōx nescioquis exclāmāuit ‘Alcumēna, quamquam timēs, adest auxilium. ergō nōlī timēre! nōlī tē sollicitāre! prō continentīā tuā, Iuppiter propitius hūc aduēnit et tibi et tuīs.’ mīrum est: nōn mentior. uōx Iouis fuit! tum Alcumēna inuocāuit deōs immortālīs et sine dolōre peperit. 260
AMPH.	quamquam irātus sum et uxōrem meam propter impudīcitiam castigō, gaudeō tamen, sī uērō Iouis uōx fuit et dolus nōn fuit.
BROM.	immō uōcis deī similis fuit. tum geminōs puerōs cōspicor. sed, ubi parturiuit uxor tua, puerōs lauāre iussit nōs. uērū puer alter, ubi lāuī, quam magnus est! ut multum ualet! ut similis filiī Iouis! 265
AMPH.	mīrum est!



Homework

The homework to be submitted for formative assessment this week is:

- *RL* Latin-English sentences pp. 101-102.

Deadline Sunday 19 November 2023.

The Turnitin link will go live Monday 13 November and can be found in the Moodle section for 2e.
