



Staying safe online



Use a antivirus software

Install a trusted antivirus software to detect and stop viruses and malware. running regular scans to catch protentional threats before they harm your device, always be cautious with downloads and avoid downloading files , apps or software from untrusted sources or suspicious websites

Beware of phising and scams

Phising is when scammers trick you into giving away your personal information through fake emails , text or websites thats why you always have to double check senders email address, you could also look for spelling mistakes or typos , make sure you never click on any suspicious link

Risks of public wifi

Most public wifis dont use encryption , meaning the data , you send and receive over network isnt protected. without encryption information like passwords , credit card details and personal and private information is put at risk

Digital saftey starts with you

Just remember digital safety starts with you, the more informed and cautious you are about your online activates the safer you will be.

Passwords importance

Your passwords safeguard your personal information, a weak password can allow unauthorized access to all of your data , leading to identity theft , fraud or peronal leaks.

1. a strong password should be at least 12-16 characters, a mix of upper and lower case characters numbers and even special symbols. avoid using simple words or somthing that is predictable like : password 123 or your name. Also if available always try putting on 2fa (Two factor authentication) as it adds a extra layer of security by being a second form of verification , such as a code being sent to your phone or a authentication app.

<https://check.getsafeonline.org/>